

# The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXX.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1917.

No. 15

## TEUTON'S WAR BOLT IS SHOT

CENTRAL POWERS' MILITARY  
STRENGTH WANING FOR  
FIRST TIME.

## U. S. DECIDING FACTOR

German Zeuth Passed and Resources  
In Men and Means Decrease,  
Allies Gaining.

Washington, Oct. 9.—Germany's military strength now shows a clear decrease for the first time since the war began, according to a review based upon data of the French General Staff made public here to-night by the French High Commission.

Worn down and driven back by the never ending pounding of the Allies on the western front, the statement says, the Germans have made their supreme military effort after drawing heavily upon their inactive armies in the east and calling out their 1918 and part of the 1919 reserves.

Thus, while the Allies have reached and are preparing to maintain their full strength while awaiting the coming of America's great army, the enemy's resources are diminishing at the very moment when the military situation demands that they increase.

"This shows," concludes the statement, "the decisive character attending the operations in 1918, when three great democracies, England, France and America, will unite their entire strength in attacking the enemy, in conformity with the only sound principle of war."

**Text of French Statement.**  
The committee's statement issued through the Committee on Public Information, follows:

"Both Franco-German fronts on the Alsace, 1917, and Verdun, 1916, have already been compared and it has been noted that they are practically of the same length. It has been stated that the German forces occupying them before the attack were equally comparable to twelve and fourteen divisions. It is known to-day that during the same period, from May to September, the Germans engaged twenty-five fresh divisions at Verdun, and that they have been obliged to engage forty-five on the Alsace. Furthermore, during an equal period, the French took 5,863 prisoners at Verdun and 8,553 on the Alsace.

"This constant activity, combined with the weakness and inaction of the Russians, also explains why the Germans are obliged to maintain and succeed in effectually maintaining three times larger forces on the French front than on the Russian front. In the beginning of the summer there were 156 German divisions to 799 kilometers on the French front, as against 139 Austro-German and Bulgarian divisions, 77 of which were German, on the eastern front. It is known that the Russian winter practically puts a stop to all active operations, and that the reaction of the internal events in Russia on the eastern front has allowed Germany to consider it during four months as a veritable reserve for the western front.

"It clearly appears at present that the German staff, remembering the critical situation in which they found themselves following the Anglo-French success in the Somme in 1916, fears to age their western front broken by the allied offensive in 1917.

"All the measures they have taken have been defensive in character intended to strengthen their resistance in the face of Anglo-French forces. Not content with declining to give battle and withdrawing a portion of their front on the Hindenburg position, they have transported to the western front between January and April a certain number of divisions drawn from the eastern front. As this did not suffice, they have drawn the picked men from each of their companies on the eastern front, and with the assistance of the class of 1918, have formed twenty-seven new divisions, twenty-six of which have appeared in France.

"They have then exchanged their picked troops of the eastern front for the inferior ones of the western front (Landwehr). Finally once the battle

began, in order to hold out they have successively replaced, number for number, sixteen exhausted divisions from the French front by fresh divisions from the eastern front.

"However, in spite of using all these methods, of which the latter have only been possible this year due to the trouble made by the Russian revolution, Germany has made her supreme military effort.

"This is evidenced by the two following statements, which should be compared for future enlightenment:

"First—After the formation of the twenty-seven divisions above mentioned Germany had intended to create ten more divisions with the remnants of the series 601-602. Not only has she been obliged to abandon the latter part of her programme, in spite of calling out a portion of the class of 1919, but she has been obliged to break up several newly formed regiments to re-enforce her fighting units and for the first time since the beginning of the war a clear decrease in the total strength of the German forces is on record.

"Second—At the very time that her total strength is diminishing Germany finds herself obliged to increase her reserves on the French front to forty divisions with the sole aim of providing relay and resistance. Therefore, just as the offensive strength of the Germans has been broken in the open fields on the Marne and Yser, and in the trench warfare at Verdun, their facilities for maneuvering, that is to say, the possibility of transporting valuable reserves from one front to another, is prevented at present by the continuity and intensity of the Anglo-French offensive. Germany has still great powers of resistance which will take all the allied forces to break. She is capable of executing very vigorous local offensives. But her resources are diminishing at the very moment when the military situation requires that they should increase. That is the principal point.

"On the other hand, British and French armies have reached their full strength in men and material and are capable, with help of America, of maintaining the enormous strength which they have gained to the end of the war. To this strength will be added the great American army, which will arrive as quickly as possible, as three years of war have demonstrated the value of time and the advantage of each day gained.

"This shows the decisive character attending the operations of 1918, when three great democracies, England, France and America, will unite their entire strength in attacking the enemy, in conformity with the only sound principle of war."

## KENTUCKY COAL STRIKE HAS VIRTUALLY ENDED

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 9.—Reports received from all points in the recently affected coal strike district of Southeastern Kentucky and North-eastern Tennessee indicate that with one exception all of the mines were in full operation to-day. The mine that is idle will resume work to-morrow, as local differences were not smoothed out to-day. The capacity of the mines that resumed work is 800 cars of coal daily.

## Only One Mine Idle.

Mid-Hesboro, Ky., Oct. 9.—Every mine in Eastern Kentucky and Northern Tennessee resumed work this morning, except one in the Middleboro district. The Capito mine did not resume work on account of personal differences between the miners. All other mines are running full blast and most of the mines report a full crew. Labor is not as short as anticipated.

## TWO OF ALIEN ENEMIES MAKING ESCAPE, DEAD

Laredo, Tex., Oct. 9.—Of five alien enemies interned at Fort McIntosh, Texas, near here, who escaped last night, two are dead and three are reported as being in Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, opposite here. The two dead lost their lives in trying to swim the swollen Rio Grande. Officials were silent regarding the matter, and further than that the men used a duplicate key to the internment quarters, nothing was known. A rigid investigation has been started by military authorities, it was stated.

See Fordville Planting Mill Company's advertisement of Barbed Wire, Smooth Fence Wire, Nails, Binders, Twine, Hay Bale Ties, and House Paint, in this issue of the paper. They can save you money. Send them your order NOW.

## TO PUT BAN ON FOOD GAMBLING

STORAGE HOUSE, WHOLESALE  
DEALERS, RETAILERS AND  
PACKERS HIT.

## TO PROTECT PEOPLE

License Restrictions To Be Proclaimed  
By President Wilson Within  
Few Days.

Washington, Oct. 9.—Virtually all the staple foods consumed by the American people will be put under government control November 1.

The food administration announced tonight that within a few days President Wilson will issue an executive order requiring that manufacturers and distributors of some twenty fundamental foods operate under license restrictions designed to prevent unreasonable profits and to stop speculation and hoarding.

Regulations will be prescribed for packers, cold storage houses, millers, canners, elevators, grain dealers and wholesale dealers and retailers doing a business of more than \$100,000 annually in the commodities to be named.

"The prime purpose of the Food Administration," the announcement said, "is to protect the patriot against the slacker in business. It has generally been recognized that the enormous obligation imposed on the American people to feed our soldiers at the front and the Allies, creates a disturbing factor in trade which allows opportunity to a few to impose burdens on the many, and that it is of vital national importance that such control should be exerted as will remedy, so far as may be, the economic disturbances incident to the war."

## Two Hundred Conferences Held.

Issuance of the President's proclamation has been delayed, the announcement said, that the Food Administration might complete conferences with representatives of trades and producers and consumers. Already about two hundred conferences have been held, at which were planned regulations and constructive methods of control.

"It has been the desire of the Food Administration," the announcement continued, "to secure co-operation of all patriotic men in the various trades, so as to eliminate speculation, hoarding, unreasonable profits and wasteful practices in the great distribution system of the country."

"The licensing provision in the food bill is limited in operation to the channels of trade which lie between the farmer on the one hand, and the retailer on the other, except as it extends to those few retailers who do an annual business of more than \$100,000.

## Select Necessities.

"The Food Administration has selected about twenty basic commodities and their products as forming the prime basis of life, and has limited its licensing control to those commodities, and also, insofar as practicable, eliminated the smallest units of business in these staples.

"It is the purpose of the Food Administration to effect conservation in the commercial use of these commodities and to keep them flowing toward the consumer in direct lines through the channels of trade in as economical a manner as possible. The administration does not wish to disturb the normal and necessary activities of business, and no business factor who is performing a useful function will be expected to surrender that function.

"The administration is, however, charged with several duties.

"The producer must have a free outlet and a ready market.

"There must be no manipulation or speculation in foods.

"There must be no hoarding in foods.

"Unfair or unreasonable profits must be eliminated.

"Discriminatory and deceptive and wasteful practices which in any way restrict supply or distribution must be stopped.

"These are provisions of the food law. The licensing system, which was authorized by the law, provides a more effective machinery for its enforcement. It must not be thought that these operations become illegal only on the issue of licenses. They have been illegal since August 10, when the law was passed and numerous cases coming to the attention of the Food Administration have been corrected. The licensing has the effect of giving definition to the provisions of the bill and the practices which the trades should respectively follow in connection therewith.

"The proclamation will require all those handling commodities concerned to apply for licenses before November 1, upon forms which will be supplied on application to the Food Administration.

"Applicants will receive licenses without cost, and the regulations governing those dealing with the commodities licensed, will be issued in due course.

## Must Make Reports.

"After November 1, no unlicensed persons will be permitted to trade in the commodities enumerated in the proclamation. Those who receive licenses will be required from time to time to make reports to the Food Administration on their activities in prescribed form. These reports will be carefully safeguarded so that private information given to the Government in confidence will not be divulged to competitors. Men experienced in the production and merchandising of the licensed commodities will aid in administering the law, and a legal department has been organized to facilitate its enforcement.

"While authority is vested in the Food Administration to suspend any license and to impose penalties for violation of the food law or special regulations, it is the purpose of the Food Administration to accomplish these ends of public service and war service, so far as possible, not by coercion but by patriotic co-operation. It has been the expressed feeling of the whole of the many conferences held in Washington that the licensing system operating alike in every part of the country will, in fact, be a protection to the great majority of producers and distributors, as well as to the public, against the operations of those few who unethically seek to exploit the necessities of life."

## SCHOOL FAIR AT FORDSVILLE TOMORROW

The six graded schools of Ohio county, Fordsville, Rockport, Beaver Dam, Hartford, Centertown and McHenry, will hold a school fair at Fordsville tomorrow. Teachers, pupils and patrons of the common schools have also been invited to attend it.

Various children's games and contests will be features of the fair, and a number of the graded schools professors will deliver addresses. Our information of the program is meager, but we understand a free lunch will be served.

## DOCTORS CALLED FOR ARMY SERVICE

All the doctors in Ohio county, under the age of fifty-five, have been invited to offer their services to Uncle Sam for military service. Each of them is in receipt of the following letter from Major A. T. McCormick, president of the Kentucky Examination Board of Medical Reserve Officers:

Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 6.

1.—A board has been constituted at Bowling Green by the war department for the examination of physicians who desire to apply for commissions in the Medical Reserve Corps of the army. If you desire to apply, it will examine you on any day convenient to you. Bring two letters with you, certifying to your moral character, good habits and standing in the profession.

2.—This board will be at the Seelbach Hotel, in Louisville, during the meeting of the Kentucky State Medical association, which has been postponed until November 6, 7, 8 and 9. There will be special rates on the railroads for this meeting, and a splendid program has been arranged, showing by picture demonstrations, amongst other important things, how the medical department of the army does its work.

3.—There are openings for at least 200 more Kentucky doctors in the army and they are needed badly right now. The beginning salary is \$2,000 a year, and expenses should not exceed \$35 a month.

4.—If you intend to go at all, it is important to remember that those commissioned first have precedence. You can be examined in Bowling Green any day.

By order of the surgeon general,  
A. T. MCCORMICK.

## A. C. A. PEOPLE NEW QUARTERS

Blue prints of the plans for a new warehouse and tobacco receiving barn, to be built on the Holbrook lot, near the depot, are in the local office of the American Co-operative Association here. The warehouse will be a brick building 48x120 feet, with a basement running the rear half length of the house, and the tobacco house will be a frame structure 40x100 feet. Work on the new buildings, it is expected, will begin within a few days, and the association expects to have the tobacco house ready in time to handle the acres now pooled. The warehouse will be used as a storehouse or distributing base for goods.

## A Hungry Candidate.

A candidate stopped at a farm house in the Rosine neighborhood about one o'clock one day last week, and the women folks being in the field gathering beans, the lord of the household set the hungry candidate down to the table, with an apology for the meanness of the left-overs. It seems the candidate's appetite was out of proportion to the fragments left over from the family meal and forgoing his eyes over the table he thought he discovered a bowl of delicious turnip soup, which he proceeded to devour with a voracious appetite, with many polite comments upon the richness of the soup and protests of his especial fondness for it. The householder was in utter ignorance of what had happened until his wife came in and asked what had become of the bowl of dishwater she had in her hurry to go, been gathering left over from the table. A feature of the joke is that the candidate will not know that he ate the dishwater till he sees this account of it.

## WORLD'S SERIES NOW EVEN SPLIT

The New York Giants defeated the Chicago Americans yesterday afternoon, 5 to nothing, making the series now two each, as the Giants won Wednesday 2 to nothing. Batteries in yesterday's game were for New York, Schupp and Rairden; Chicago, Faber and Schalk.

The teams appear evenly matched, in the four games played to date New York has made 10 scores to 9 for the White Hose. The champions of the two Major Leagues will move back to the Windy City for the fifth game on Saturday. Those in this section who follow the game will be immensely pleased at the Giants' win of yesterday, due to the fact that the Pitcher, Ferdio Schupp is a Kentucky boy.

## PEACE PLOT IN KAISER'S NAVY

PLAN TO FORCE EMPEROR TO  
PEACE TERMS BY PARALYZING  
FLEET.

## NEW PEACE OFFER UP

Vice Admiral Makes Statement, Says  
Guilty Parties Received Just  
Deserts.

Copenhagen, Oct. 9.—Vice Admiral von Capelle, German Minister of Marine, announced in the Reichstag to-day that a plot had been discovered in the navy to form a committee of delegates on the Russian model and to paralyze the fleet, so as to force the Government to make peace. The guilty parties have been arrested and have received their just deserts, the Minister added.

Admiral von Capelle attempted to link the Radical Socialists with the plot. He said the ringleader had discussed the plot with Deputies Haase and Vogther in the Radical Socialist conference room in the Reichstag building. The Deputies had called attention to the dangerous nature of the plot and had advised the greatest caution, but had agreed to furnish propaganda material.

**Socialists Demand Proof.**  
Socialist deputies interrupted the speaker with cries of dissent. Deputy David, of the Majority Socialists, demanded the Government produce proof and that the Reichstag should suspend judgment in the meantime.

Chancellor Michaelis earlier in the session had referred to the affair, rumors of which evidently had gained public circulation. He declared he could not co-operate with nor recognize a party which put itself beyond the pale by activities directed against the fatherland.

The disclosures in connection with the Radical Socialists, if they are true, came most opportunely to help the Government out of its embarrassment over the interpellation regarding pan-German propaganda. Admiral von Capelle hammered home his statement with a declaration of the necessity for a proper "enlightenment" of the military forces.

## Another Peace Offer.

Amsterdam, Oct. 9.—Germany and Austria-Hungary have agreed to make another peace offer to the Allies, the Deutsche Tages Zeitung of Berlin says. It learns on good authority. The offer will have as its basis, no territorial aggrandizement, the surrender of Belgium and French territory, the renunciation of positive territorial acquisitions for payments in money and no indemnity on either side.

There is growing displeasure in German parliamentary circles against Dr. Karl Helfferich owing to Saturday's events in the Reichstag. The General Anzeiger of Dusseldorf prints a report that Dr. Helfferich will resign the Vice Chancellorship in a few weeks, if not sooner.

Owing to the various parties having convoked meetings for yesterday morning to consider the situation arising from Saturday's sitting of the Reichstag, says a Berlin dispatch, the debate, which was planned for Monday, has been postponed until to-day. The chief subject of discussion will be war aims, but according to this dispatch, the Imperial Chancellor, Dr. Michaelis, has gone to headquarters.

Chancellor Michaelis, in an address to the Reichstag Main Committee yesterday, as reported in Berlin dispatches, replied to the charge that officials had undertaken propaganda for the new Fatherland party, which is carrying on a movement in favor of a "German peace."

## Remember The Boy.

The chief longing of your boy in the army camp will be for news from the loved ones at home, and his home paper would tell him a thousand things that are happening among his friends and acquaintances that you will not have the time or opportunity to write. The most welcome present you could make him would be to send him the Hartford Republican. Send us one dollar, with his name and company and we will find his address. The paper will follow him to France when he goes, if he has to go.

## How to Buy a \$50 Liberty Loan Bond in Several Installments

Ask for an official application blank from the Federal Reserve bank or its agency in your community. Pay \$1 on signing application.

About Nov. 6 the government will notify you whether the bond has been allotted. If not, your deposit will be returned.

On Nov. 15 pay \$9 through the agency where the application was filed. On Dec. 15 pay \$20 and on Jan. 15 pay \$20 and the bond will be delivered to you.

Consult your local banker for details of installment payments.







## COST VARIES FOR MAKING SOLDIERS

SOME EXPENSES OF SOME CAMPS  
IS GREATER THAN OTHERS,  
PER CAPITA.

Washington, Oct. 6.—It costs more to make a soldier in some parts of the United States than it does in others.

This may sound queer to the layman, who thinks that because Uncle Sam buys supplies at uniform prices for all parts of the country, and pays the same salaries everywhere, soldiers should cost no more in one region than in another.

The highest per capita cost in turning out soldiers is \$182. You'd never guess where this price obtains. New York, your choice? Guess again. Michigan and Massachusetts, with Camps Custer and Devens respectively in the national army, are tied at the high mark.

It is the cheapest at American Lake, Wash., where Uncle Sam's soldiers cost him only \$142 each.

Here is the way the sixteen cantonnements rank in per capita cost for soldiers, from lowest cost to highest:

### How Camp's Rank.

Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash., \$142.

Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky., \$149.

Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga., \$146.

Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., \$151.

Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan., \$153.

Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., \$156.

Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., \$157.

Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa, \$158.

Camp Meade, Annapolis Junction, Md., \$158.

Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, \$164.

Camp Ptoea, Yaphank, Long Island, \$165.

Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., \$167.

Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., \$170.

Camp Denver, Aver, Mass., \$182.

Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich., \$182.

These figures are part of a budget submitted by the War Department to the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, in asking for money to outfit and train the national army.

### Discrepancy Not Explained.

No specific effort was made to explain the difference in the per capita of the new soldiers, but other figures submitted clear the mystery. Many of the set expenses are identical the country over, but others vary widely.

No great difference is seen in regular supplies, barracks and quarters, shooting ranges and clothing. But in such items as water and sewers, wherein the topography of the country about the cantonment is an important factor, there is wide variance. Again, in the case of roads, wharves, walks and drainage, there is a big range.

In the case of hospitals to be constructed or repaired, there is great diversity. Camp Funston, at Fort Riley, found hospitals in good condition, and required a very small expenditure, comparatively. The same was true of Camp Gordon, Atlanta. John C. Mellert, in Louisville Herald.

### Muscle Soreness Relieved.

Unusual work, bending and lifting or strenuous exercise is a strain on the muscles, they become sore and stiff, you are crippled and in pain. Sloan's Liniment brings you quick relief, easy to apply, it penetrates without rubbing and drives out the soreness. A clear liquid, cleaner than musky plasters or ointments, it does not stain the skin or clog the pores. Always have a bottle handy for the pains aches of rheumatism, gout, lumbago, grippe, bruises, stiffness, backache and all external pain. At your druggist, 25c.

### UNEARTH SKELETONS OF POMEPII VICTIMS

Milan, Oct. 6.—After a lapse of close upon 2,000 years since the destruction of Pompeii, the skeletons of four of the victims have been discovered in the actual positions in which they were overtaken by the catastrophe.

Two of these victims, apparently a man and wife belonging to the upper classes, had evidently been caught by the shower of red hot stones in the cloistered garden of their villa, and while hastening to seek shelter in a corner, had been suddenly buried and asphyxiated thru the collapse of the roof, overlaid with volcanic dust.

The husband was found in a sitting position, with his head and back bent forward, and the legs wide apart. His wife was standing erect immediately behind him. Her gold earrings were found on a level with her

ears, and there are two gold rings still on the fingers.

A third skeleton was that of a youth huddling with his face to a hole in the garden wall. The last of the group, a full-sized man, bent almost double under the weight of the suffocating debris, had on a finger of the right hand, an iron ring inset with a prettily engraved cornelian.

### Chamberlain's Cough Remedy The Most Reliable.

After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough medicines, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirstein, Greenville, Ill., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchial troubles. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."

### SWEDISH-AMERICANS PLEDGE ALLEGIANCE

Casper, Wyo., Oct. 6.—Swedish-Americans in Wyoming want Uncle Sam to know that they are loyal to the United States, and call upon their Scandinavian relatives to shake off the yoke of their autocratic ruler in a petition being circulated here.

"Resolved, that we, the descendants of Swedish parentage, petition our friends and relatives in the home country not to be fooled by the Swedish Kaiser," the petition reads, "but to ask that he, like the Russian Czar, step down and out, as they like other dogs, have had their day."

The petition vehemently denounces the duplicity involving Swedish diplomatic representatives recently revealed by the State Department, and declares that all Swedes will stand loyally by the United States in any crisis.

### Catarh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best known purifiers, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarh conditions. Send for testimonials, free.

R. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

All druggists sell.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### FRENCH WAR PRISONERS ESCAPE IN AEROPLANES

Paris, Sept. 14. (By Mail).—One of the most spectacular escapes of prisoners of war recently occurred on the Saabiki front where four French soldiers who had been taken prisoners by the Hungarians were carried back to their own lines in aeroplanes.

After their capture the four men were tightly bound, but their captors forgot to search them. During the night one of the men succeeded in freeing himself with his pocket-knife and he then liberated his three comrades. The men ended the sentries and fled into the woods. For three weeks the men hid themselves in the woods, living on wild berries.

Finally they sighted a French aeroplane and after repeated signals succeeded in attracting the attention of the aviator who made a landing not far from where the men were hiding. They explained their plight and the aviator asked them to wait until he returned. A few hours later he came back with three other machines and all four prisoners were carried back to the French lines.

## BROKEN DOWN IN HEALTH

Woman Tells How \$5 Worth  
of Pinkham's Compound  
Made Her Well.

Lima, Ohio.—"I was all broken down in health from a displacement. One of my lady friends came to see me and she advised me to commence taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I began taking your remedies and took \$5.00 worth and in two months was a well woman after three doctors said I never would stand up straight again. I was a midwife for seven years and I recommended the Vegetable Compound to every woman to take before birth and afterwards, and they all got along so nicely that it surely is a godsend to suffering women. If women wish to write to me I will be delighted to answer them."

—Mrs. JENNIE MOYER, 222 E. 12th St., Lima, Ohio.

Women who suffer from displacements, weakness, irregularities, nervousness, backache, or bearing-down pains, need the tonic properties of the roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

Write for free booklet.

## HUGE AMOUNT OF VACCINE NEEDED

GOVERNMENT PLANNING TO IN-  
OCULATE EVERY MAN IN  
THE ARMY.

Washington, Oct. 6.—With the raising of the American army to the enormous size contemplated one of the most important problems in connection with their preparation for service will be inoculation against the various maladies which may threaten the lives of the soldiers.

The size of this problem may be understood when it is stated that the several vaccines for this purpose are manufactured by army experts in one building in Washington. This one medical force has the task of turning out vaccine for an army which may reach well over 1,000,000 men.

Whether the force can cope with this job is yet to be seen. There is every probability that it can, however. The same doubt was expressed last year when the National Guardmen mobilized for the Mexican border. The Medical Corps rose to the occasion, however.

### Requires Great Skill.

The force which does this work is housed in the Army Medical School here, where Medical Corps officers receive their training. The force is composed of one officer, usually a Captain in the Medical Corps of the army; several assistants and a group of privates in the Medical Corps.

The work is of the most exacting nature and requires not only professional skill but an expert ability to utilize special apparatus which forms the equipment of the "factory." This factory, by the way, occupied only one floor of the school last year.

One of the most important jobs is the preparation of anti-typhoid serum. So valuable is the work in this line that samples have been contributed to foreign armies for development.

In this connection, it may be stated that the American Medical Corps has one of the finest typhoid germ colonies in the world.

The colony was developed from a soldier who died from typhoid in the Boer war. The original culture are still in use. Developments from them were sent to the Japanese army medical authorities last year for use. No doubt they have played their part in the war in Europe.

A unit from a colony is cultivated, put thru various involved technical processes, and finally the finished product is given the most exhaustive tests on living animals as a precaution.

When it has been proved "safe" it is bottled in a special kind of flask. Flasks of the vaccine are packed in strong, handy boxes for distribution to the army as called for.

When the soldier goes into service he is inoculated several times against typhoid, smallpox, etc. As the number of soldiers now being called out exceeds anything ever imagined in this country before war started, it can readily be seen what a job the medical corps has on its hands.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR'S

Care Guarded Closely.

Perograd, Oct. 6.—The ex-imperial Russian family, while awaiting the completion of the arrangements for their installation in the Governor's palace, remained for five days on board the steamer which conveyed them from the railway terminus to Tsholsk. For five days the steamer remained at anchor in midstream, only approaching the shore to enable the ex-Czar and his family to walk along the river bank. These walks always took place at a distance of some miles from the town. The ex-Czarina rarely left the vessel.

### Croup.

If your children are subject to croup get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and when the attack comes on be careful to follow the plain printed directions. You will be surprised at the quick relief which it affords.

### "A beggar on Horseback."

Miss Odell Neff, a dashing and captivating sixteen-year-old girl, of Cleveland, O., passed through this city Friday on horseback en route to New Orleans, begging her way along her long journey. She was dressed in male attire from head to foot, in a cowboy style, and easily obtained the aid of everybody with her siren voice, engaging figure and winsome manner. All barriers to her requests were easily set aside by her confident, unabashed and persuasive entreaties to give her assistance. She was freely given a nights lodging at the Bush House, Borer & Harwood and her horse without cost and J. J. Watson, the blacksmith, shod her horse without any charges, and she

left the city next morning in a top with a song in her mouth.

Miss Neff is a second Jeanette Andrey of the Ozark mountains, the lone woman who, with a pack of dogs, camped in this county several weeks a few years ago begging assistance. The Cleveland girl, like the Andrey woman, also carried a gun secretly hidden "somewhere" in her clothes. Miss Neff refused to tell the object of her long and peculiar trip, but as she is a college graduate and carried manuscript, it is supposed that she will write her adventures for an Eastern magazine. — Elizabethtown Mirror.

### Don't Let Your Cough Hang On.

A cough that racks and weakens is dangerous. It undermines your health and thrives on neglect. Relieve it at once with Dr. King's New Discovery. This soothing balsam remedy heals the throat, loosens the phlegm, its antiseptic properties kill the germ and the cold is quickly broken up. Children and grown-ups alike find Dr. King's New Discovery pleasant to take as well as effective. Have a bottle handy in your medicine chest for grippe, croup and all bronchial affections. At druggists, 50c.

### Just The Opposite.

Mrs. Jenkins had missed Mrs. Brady from her accustomed haunts and hearing several startling rumors concerning her, went in search of her old friend.

"They tell me you're workin' 'ard night and day, Sarah Ann," she began.

"Yes," returned Mrs. Brady. "I'm under bonds to keep the peace for pullin' the whiskers out of that old scoundrel of a husband' o' mine, an' the magistrate said if I come afore 'im again, he'd fine me forty shillins."

"An so ye're workin' 'ard to keep out of mischief?"

"I'm what? Not much! I'm washin' 'ard to save up the fine!" — Baltimore Sun.

### A Mean Man.

The telephone bell rung with anxious persistence. The doctor answered the call.

"Yes?" he said.

"Oh, doctor, said a worried voice, "something seems to have happened to my wife. Her mouth seems set, and she can't say a word."

"Why, she may have lockjaw," said the medical man.

"Do you think so? Well, if you are up my way some time next week I wish you would stop in and see what you can do for her."

### "ROOKIE'S" IGNORANCE AFFORDS MAJOR FUN

A Major, who commands a battalion of nearly 1,000 men, was standing near division headquarters yesterday afternoon, watching a long procession of newly-arrived drafted men pass. They had just entered Camp Taylor.

One of the young fellows dropped out of the line and walked over to the Major. The recruit probably did not know what rank the golden oakleaf on the officer's shoulder indicated and apparently regarded it as an ornament that any Sammy might wear.

"Say, Sergeant, when are they going to feed us?" he asked the Major. The officer did not feel badly about the slight given his rank, but took the matter with an amused smile. But suddenly his face showed wrath.

"Young man, I am not a Sergeant; my title is Corporal."

The drafted man seemed sorry. "Oh," he said. "Beg your pardon, Corporal," and without waiting for his answer walked away.

The incident was similar to an occurrence at the officers' camp at Ft. Harrison recently. Gen. Glenn, camp commander, was walking down a company street when a private passed without saluting. The General called the private and demanded:

"Young man, how long have you been in this camp?"

"Aw, about a week. How long you been here, purd?" — Louisville Herald.

### Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.

### Well Irrigated.

George was hampered by a mother whose idea of godliness was cleanliness. Notwithstanding the frequent baths to which he was condemned, George thrived exceedingly. One day a neighbor remarked on his growth.

"Yes," said George, "that's my fault; she waters me too much."

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

### What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

# Starck Pianos



No Money in Advance—Satisfaction Guaranteed—Lowest Net Price of Every Piano—Easy Terms—A Saving of \$100 to \$200—From Factory Direct



## 30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial, in your home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, pay the freight both ways. The Starck Piano must make good with you, or there is no sale.

### Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 to the cost of retail. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money than you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

### Easy Payments

You pay no cash down, but after 30 days of trial, you can begin payment on the lowest, easiest terms ever suggested by a piano manufacturer. These terms are arranged to suit your convenience, and it is possible for you to buy a piano for your home, without missing the money.

### Starck

Starck Player-Pianos are the best and most beautiful player pianos on the market. You will be delighted with the many exclusive features of these wonderful instruments, and will be pleased with the very low prices at which they can be secured.

### Piano Book Free

Send today for our new beautifully illustrated piano book which gives you a large amount of information regarding pianos. This book will interest and please you. Write today.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., 1343 Starck Bldg., CHICAGO

## You Can Be Whatever You want To Be

You can be a success, and a big success, if you have AMBITION, ENERGY, NERVE.

The road to success is easy—if you are properly prepared. A Business Education is the chief requisite for preparedness. The big men of today almost without exception are the men who prepared yesterday.

We prepare you for the position that are waiting for the prepared man or woman. School 'n session the entire year. Pupils may enter at any time and receive proper classification.

## Owensboro Business & Industrial College

(Incorporated)

OWENSBORO, KY.



## Hartford Republican.

Published Weekly by  
HARTFORD PRINTING COMPANY  
Incorporated  
C. E. SMITH, W. S. TINSLEY,  
President Sec. Treas.

JOHN HENRY THOMAS, Editor  
W. S. TINSLEY, Associate Editor  
and Business Manager.

Address all communications to  
The Hartford Republican.

**NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS**  
Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.  
Postage paid at Hartford, Ky., no mail matter of the second class.  
Address all communications to  
The Hartford Republican.

**TERMS:**  
Cumberland, 100  
Farmers' Mutual, 50

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12



### REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Representative—  
L. L. EMBRY.  
For County Judge—  
MACK COOK.  
For County Attorney—  
A. D. KIRK.  
For County Clerk—  
W. C. BLANKENSHIP.  
For Sheriff—  
S. A. BRATCHER.  
For Jailer—  
WORTH TICHENOR.  
For Assessor—  
D. E. WARD.  
For Superintendent of Schools—  
E. S. HOWARD.  
For County Surveyor—  
C. S. MONLEY.  
For Coroner—  
DR. A. B. RILEY.  
For Justice of the Peace—  
Hartford District—  
ED. SHOWN.  
Beaver Dam District—  
SAM L. STEVENS.  
Centertown District—  
GEO. W. ROWE.  
Rockport District—  
Q. B. BROWN.  
Rosine District—  
W. C. DAUGHERTY.  
Sulphur Springs District—  
W. S. DEAN.  
Fordsville District—  
B. F. RICE.  
Bartlett District—  
B. C. RHODES.

Austria is exhausted and anxious for peace, but is more afraid of her German ally than of her allied enemy.

The colossal debt this government is now creating will fall, a galling yoke upon the necks of generations yet unborn.

Will our good friends, the Democratic candidates, advise us if they are making their campaign on the record of their county, state or national administration.

It was a bit ungracious of the seer who worked out the clever scheme of "The Signs of the Times" for the Hartford Herald to forecast the election of all the ticket but Judge Glenn.

Judge A. H. Tuck, of Morgantown, is collecting a museum of political antiquities and has asked us to procure for him a copy of the once current and popular picture entitled, "He kept us out of war."

The Democratic candidates may tell you there is no politics in this race, but if you will look over their announcements in the Hartford Herald, you will discover a mighty lusty looking Democratic roster.

There is a rumor in circulation that Lane Embury voted for the new tax bill that taxes \$1.20 on the farmer's land and only ten cents on the banker's cash, but the rumor is false. That was a Democratic tax bill and Mr. Embury voted against it.

In referring to its financial genius that stands a watchful sentinel at the treasury doors of the county, the Hartford Herald was, indeed, correct. The county has a handsome salary per year for the

down for the family exchequer as salary for clerk hire. The plain, old fashioned Republican Superintendent-ents all kept their own records.

If the citizens of Louisville value the respect of the people of the state they should rebuke at the polls Nov. 6, the Democratic machine that made possible the murder of an officer in the discharge of his duty, by appointing a red-light saloon keeper as a primary election officer.

We are unable to state just how much the economy Superintendent paid out of the school funds as salary to his daughter for clerical work in his office after school hours, because in his trumpeted public statement of the condition about a year ago of this fund, he includes this statement in abunch of odds and ends charged up under the head of "incidentals."

Since taking a look at the new tax schedules, we have come to the conclusion that somebody had mighty little to do when they framed the new taxing laws.—Hartford Herald.

My, but Uncle Sam is some spender of money. \$7,757,434.410 was appropriated by the Senate Wednesday in three minutes.—Hartford Herald.

Now the Herald can't say these caustic criticisms of its State and National administrations are not quoted verbatim.

There is another little economy of the Democratic Superintendent that the Herald forgot to credit him with. When Superintendent Leach, who did his own clerking, went out of office he turned over to his successor quite a little sum of money belonging to the County Library fund. This sum has been since augmented by the surplus resulting from the County Institute fees. We are informed that Mr. Shults has so carefully economized with this fund that he has not added any books to the Teachers' Library since he has been in office. No misappropriation of this fund is insinuated, but we are just showing how the economy Superintendent hands the school fund.

At last it looks like a rift in the clouds of war. Evidences are appearing that show attraction is slowly but surely wearing down the Central Powers. With the pressure on the Russian front relieved and all its resources massed on the western front, a whole season has been wasted in a vain effort to check the advancing march of the Allied armies. The submarine hope has proved abortive, and with an army reinforced by its last reserves, and breaking under the strain of pressure from an ever increasing power of a vital foe the once greatest fighting machine the world ever saw, sees the handwriting on the wall. The end may not come this year, but it now seems impossible that the dreadful conflict can be drawn out for more than another year.

### OHIO FISCAL COURT GRINDS OUT CLAIMS

The Ohio Fiscal Court was in session here Thursday and Friday and ground out the usual number of road claims, and transacted some other business of importance.

Road claims to the amount of more than \$6,000 were allowed and some small allowances were made for bridge timber, etc.

Charlie Smith was re-elected Almshouse Keeper for the ensuing year. There were no other candidates for the place.

The court appointed a committee of three, Messrs. M. L. Heavin, H. W. Hollbrook and Mrs. S. O. Keown, to purchase, and raise in the court house yard, a suitable American flag.

In the matter of the metal road heretofore provided for, beginning at the end of the pike on the Owensboro road, near Alexander school house and extending four miles to the boundary line of Buford precinct, it was ordered that a committee composed of Esquires Ed Shown, Ben Taylor and County Attorney A. D. Kirk take charge of the construction of the work, and employ men and teams to be paid for by the day.

### Marriage License.

Herman McManama, 32, Centertown, to Mabel Williams, 19, Centertown.

Ronda Lake, 26, Hartford, R. 5, to Ethel Park, 17, Hartford, R. 5.

P. G. Goff, 18, Rosine, to Fina Rowe, 21, Centertown.

Phayon Wells, 23, Fordsville, to Madeline Barnard, 21, Beaver Dam.

Clayde Chinn, 24, Beaver Dam, to Maudie Wallace, 17, McHenry.

Bonnie Keown, 19, Rockport, to Myrtle Bratcher, 15, Rockport.

Roy Lahn, 19, Narrows, to Myrtle Atkins, 18, Narrows.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

## U. S. CONSTRUCTING 787 WAR VESSELS

A NUMBER OF SHIPS ALREADY COMPLETED, WORK BEING RUSHED.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The American navy's war construction program consists of 787 vessels, including all type from super-dreadnaughts to submarine chasers.

In making this announcement today, Secretary Daniels said some of the vessels have been completed within the last few weeks, and now are in service, and that the remainder of the program is being rushed. The total cost is estimated at \$1,150,400,000.

Many of the vessels are destroyers and arrangements have been made for carrying out the \$350,000,000 supplemental destroyer program, which the navy expects to be completed in eighteen months.

Examinations of contracts by the legal representatives of the builders prevented the formal signing of the agreements today with the six companies which are to build the crafts, but Mr. Daniels said only minor details stood in the way of getting the vessels under construction.

The companies awarded the contracts are, the New York Shipbuilding Corporation, the Cramp Company, the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, the Fore River Ship Building Corporation, the Bath Iron Works and the Union Iron Works. All these companies have had experience in destroyer building and this is expected to make for rapid work.

The Fore River Company, Mr. Daniels explained, was the only one that had offered to build more vessels than were awarded it. The builders were called in, each except the Fore River, was given all the work it estimated that it could undertake, and the balance of the order, details of which still are withheld, went to the Fore River Company.

**Busy Training Men.**  
Secretary Daniels said he expected the first of the new destroyers to be launched and commissioned within nine months. They will be of the latest and improved type, which have just been tried by the American navy, he said, and found to be unsurpassed by any destroyers in the world.

"Thousands of men will be required to man these destroyers," the Secretary's statement said, "and we are now busy training them. By the time the vessels are completed the crews will be ready."

### BOILED DOWN.

The Kentucky tobacco crop is estimated at 431,000,000 pounds as compared with 425,000,000 pounds last year.

Twenty thousand aeroplanes for use in army service in France are under construction in the United States.

Congress adjourned Saturday night the date for the opening of the regular session the first Monday in December.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Donohoo, a well to do and widely known couple of Buffalo, Larue county, were presented in the county court at Hodgenville last week for a lunacy inquest.

The United States court has set December 10, for a hearing on the constitutionality of the conscript law.

There are by actual count, 1,166 questions to be answered, on the assessors property schedule of the new tax law.

By the way of recognition of the nation's 10,000,000 negroes, Emmet J. Scott, a colored man and former secretary of Booker Washington, has been appointed special Assistant Secretary of War.

German commerce raiders are reported active in south Pacific waters.

The three cent letter postage and two cent postal card regulations go into effect November 2.

### WANTED.

Twenty men with tools to clean off way on Hartford and Owensboro road at north end of pike on road, Oct. 17, 1917. Also teams with scrapers, plows, etc., to work on said road, Oct. 22, 1917. For prices see the undersigned. Hands \$4.75 per day. Hand and team \$1. A. D. KIRK, BEN W. TAYLOR, ED SHOWN, Contractors.

# COAT SUITS CLOAKS

## You May Not Believe It But It's True

With our New York connections we are in a better position than ever to give you the very best service in Ladies' Ready-to-Wear.

You will be surprised when you actually know how much we undersell grade for grade the larger towns.

All our suits from \$20.00 up are exclusive. No two alike.

High grade Coats the same.

A thorough look through our Suits and coats will convince you that this is the READY-TO-WEAR STORE of the Green River territory.

# E. P. BARNES & BRO.

BEAVER DAM, KY.

### HEADS ODDLY STRUNG.

(By I. D. Claire.)

A good many people charge up the high cost of living to Bill Hohenzolern.

If Sherman thought war was hell away back in the sixties, what in the hell would he think of it now with booze \$8.00 a gallon.

When Fluke saw in the papers that the helles of a lime grass town had kissed all the departing soldiers goodbye, he immediately donned his new nine dollar suit and fled toward the bluegrass town inquiring for a recruiting station.

I have often wondered if the people who are not prominent, nor well-known never die or get married or, if the newspapers just don't say anything about it if they do.

Tinsley gave Thomas a dime to go to the show Tuesday night, and then sneaked off and didn't get in till nearly midnight. Thomas is sure he missed something but doesn't know just what it was.

Moonshine is playing its part in reducing high prices. In addition to reducing the electric light bill half the time it will reduce the liquor bill all the year around.

The old man has one advantage now. He won't have to pay war taxes so long.

But Nell says if I say anything about him being out late of nights he will make me a charter member of the Red Cross Society, and that I won't wear the badge of the order on the lapel of my coat, neither. But Nell always was unreasonable.

I never thought it fair to call a man a crook just because he was bowlegged.

### Administrator's Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John Morton, (colored) deceased, will come forward at once and settle, and all persons having claims against the said estate will present same, properly proven, to me on or before November 1, 1917, or they will be forever barred.

R. B. MARTIN, Admr., Hartford, Ky.

## Wholesale Prices on Wire and Nails

We quote you our special prices as follows, f. o. b. Fordsville, Ky.:

BARBED WIRE	
Light Cattle .....	2-point @ \$2.90 per spool of 80 rods
Light Hog .....	2-point @ 3.00 per spool of 80 rods
Heavy Cattle .....	2-point @ 4.09 per spool of 80 rods
Heavy Hog .....	4-point @ 4.67 per spool of 80 rods
SMOOTH FENCE WIRE in 100-lb. Bundles.	
Galvanized .....	No. 10 @ \$4.95 per bundle
Galvanized .....	No. 11 @ 5.00 per bundle
Annealed .....	No. 10 @ 4.25 per bundle
Annealed .....	No. 11 @ 4.30 per bundle

NAILS (Full Keg Prices.)	
20D, 30D, 40D and 60D, Common .....	@ \$4.10 per keg
16D Common .....	@ \$4.15 per keg
8 D Common .....	@ 4.20 per keg
6 D Common .....	@ 4.30 per keg
4 D Common .....	@ 4.40 per keg
8 D Caslag .....	@ 4.45 per keg
3 1/2 D Shingle .....	@ 4.50 per keg

BINDER TWINE @ \$1.00 per ball, f. o. b. Fordsville, while it lasts

### HAY BALE TIES

As follows, to be shipped direct from Louisville, Ky.:

No. 15 1/2 Wire, 9 feet long .....

No. 15 Wire, 9 1/2 feet long .....

We will furnish you our special brand of Pure Lead and Oil House Paint @ \$2.46 per gallon, freight paid to your railroad station.

We can make prompt shipments. Send us your order to-day. Do not delay.

## Fordsville Planing Mill Company

JAKE WILSON, Manager FORDSVILLE, KY.

### Store Burned.

The storehouse and residence of Mr. L. E. Everly, a merchant of Martinsburg, burned about three o'clock Tuesday morning. Loss of building, stock and household goods, about five or six thousand dollars. The Baptist church nearby narrowly escaped the conflagration. No insurance. Origin of the fire unknown. Mr. Everly has not yet decided whether or not he will rebuild, though he is urged to do so by his customers, with whom he is very popular.

### A Partial Friend.

Our old newspaper friend, J. H. Thomas, is back in the newspaper game again, and is now editing "The Republican" at Hartford. Mr. Thomas is one of the best all "round news boys" that the State has ever turned out, and, if he does not wake things up down in his county we are going to be badly fooled. Here's to you, old fellow, and we hope that you will make a million a year out of "The Republican," and live to be 100 years old.—Sourcet Semi-Weekly News.



## FALL SPECIALTIES

The season has arrived when your winter needs must be supplied.

We are in a position to supply you with comfort from head to foot.

### Millinery Department



Every week adds to our big stock the late styles. So you can visit our Millinery Parlors with the assurance of finding the style you want at the lowest price possible. Possibly your old hat needs touching up a little—if so, bring it along.

### Coats and Coat Suits

An unusual large line in Coats and Coat Suits in all the new fabrics and shades. This week adds new numbers at a SPECIAL PRICE. We court comparison. Look elsewhere, then come to us. We will show you the goods at a lower price.

### Ladies' Shoes

No lady is now considered well dressed unless her footwear is up-to-date. We are showing a very popular line in Kid Vamp and White Kid Tops, Battle Ship Grays, all Black Kid, White Kid, Black Kid Vamps with tan top. The above are special numbers. Our stock in other shoes is very large.

We extend to you a special invitation to see the above lines before sending your money to a mail-order house, assuring you that when qualities are considered our prices are as low as any house. Don't forget this, and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.

**FAIR & CO.**  
THE FAIR DEALERS

\$20 per month under federal and Mrs. Ambrose will receive \$12 a month under State law.

A new iron bridge is being constructed across a thoroughfare on the south side of Hough River, just above Dundee.

Mrs. Belle Cooper returned Wednesday from Owensboro, where she had been visiting relatives for the past week.

Miss Ernie Boswell, of Narrows, has gone to Gordon, Iowa, for an extended visit with her uncle, Mr. Bernice Neighbors.

Commonwealth's Attorney C. E. Smith was in attendance in the Daviess Circuit Court at Owensboro the first of this week.

William Lake, a farmer living near Washington church, went to Owensboro Tuesday, where he underwent an operation at the city hospital.

Mr. E. G. Hagerman, station agent for the L. & N. railroad at Centertown, has resigned his position and will probably locate in the south.

Goebel Crowe, of Stone, Ky., and Marion Crowe, of Chicago, are visiting their parents, Judge and Mrs. C. M. Crowe, this week.

**WANTED**—All kinds of junk, hides, wool, feathers and roots.  
D. L. D. SANDEFUIT,  
511 Beaver Dam, Ky.

You will want to gather corn soon and if you haven't a good wagon you will want one and that good wagon that you want is the Owensboro at Acton Bros. 1512

For Ranges, Cook Stoves, Hot Blast Heaters and Grates, go to the store that has a full and complete line at reasonable prices.  
1512 ACTON BROS.

More than four hundred acres of tobacco have been pledged for delivery at the Farmers Tobacco Warehouse at Narrows, this season.

Dr. and Mrs. T. D. Benfrow and little daughter, Helen, of Livermore, were the guests of relatives at Dundee from Friday until Monday.

Vernon DeBruler, 12 years old, son of George DeBruler, who lives on Sheriff Keown's farm just above town, is seriously ill, and it is believed he has typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. John King returned Sunday from a visit with their son, Mr. Charlie King, who is a limotype operator on the Central City Argus.

**Wagons! Wagons!** The COLUMBIAN Wagon is the best. Just received a car load. Come to see me.  
LUTHER CHINN,  
Beaver Dam, Ky.

The new school house at Victory, a few miles east of Hartford, has just been completed and school began Monday, with Mr. Otis Carson teaching.

The Hartford Republican is now owned and operated by The Hartford Printing Company, a corporation, composed of fifty well known Ohio county Republicans, with a capital stock of \$4,000.

Messrs. E. G. Barrass and James Nance went to Henderson on a business trip Wednesday.

Mrs. James Nance and little son, William, left Monday for a visit with relatives at Henderson.

Verna Newcomb, daughter of L. L. Newcomb, Hartford, Route 5, is seriously ill of lung trouble.

Jim Foreman caught a sixteen-pound carp in Rough River just above Dundee Monday morning.

Rev. Birch Shields, assisted by Rev. M. G. Snell, is holding a protracted meeting at Clear Run, this week.

Judge W. H. Barnes was in Hartford the first of the week attending to some legal business in the Appellate Court.

Rev. S. E. Harlan, accompanied by his family, left Tuesday for Marion, where he will conduct a protracted meeting.

Mr. Harry Wedding and Miss Ruth Weber, of Dundee, shipped over to Rockport, Indiana, a few days ago and got married.

Mrs. J. D. Wright, of Terre Haute, Ind., is visiting relatives in Ohio county this week. Mrs. Wright is a sister-in-law to Mrs. S. D. Keown.

Mrs. George W. Banger, of Hartford, and Mrs. W. C. Ambrose, of Boda, recently have been granted pensions. Mrs. Banger will receive

Louis. Capt. Bennett is a half brother of Mr. Ramey Duke, foreman of this office.

Miss Harriet Fieger, of Cromwell, will arrive here today to assist in the sheriff's office during the fall rush of tax collections.

Mrs. J. F. Vickers, who has been very ill of typhoid, at the City Hospital, Owensboro, was reported as doing very well at press hour.

It is one of the paradoxes of the newspaper business that it often happens that the most sensational news is just what can't be published.

The Women's Club of Hartford, of which Mrs. J. H. D. Carson is president, will present a hundred books to the soldiers' library at Camp Taylor.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Bennett and Mr. and Mrs. John Benfrow and children motored over to Olaton Sunday to visit the family of Mr. Joe Wilson.

M. Bean requests us to say to the thief who stole his stove pipe to either bring the pipe back or steal the stove, as he wants them kept together for old associations sake.

Maggie Hines came to town Wednesday and swore out a writ for John A. McHenry, charging him with assault with a blackjack. Both the parties are colored, and live in Hart.

Governor Stanley has finally recognized one of Claude Blankenship's numerous resignations as a member of the county exemption board and has appointed Mr. Sam T. Barnett to the vacancy.

After making a circuit of the Gretna Greens of the State of Indiana, Mr. Homer Keown, 19, and Miss Myrtle Bratcher, 15, of Rockport, Ky., returned home, received the parental blessing, and got married.

W. S. Tinsley, High Priest of Keystone Chapter No. 110, R. A. M., will go to Louisville next Tuesday morning, as representative of the local chapter, in a three days session of the Kentucky Grand Chapter.

Rev. F. M. Petty, pastor of Rivers Memorial Methodist church, Louisville, Ky., stopped over on his return from the Hopkinsville conference to visit relatives in the northern part of the county last week.

Mr. John Wallace, a farmer living near the L. C. and M. H. & E. crossing, just after alighting from a train at that place Friday night stepped off a trestle and in a fall of about ten feet, seriously injured his back and right shoulder.

After being in the hands of the courts for some months The Hartford Republican was recently taken over by The Hartford Printing Company, a corporation organized for the purpose, and having ample capital for making a first class newspaper.

Judge C. M. Crowe, Master of Hartford Lodge No. 675, F. & A. M., will go to Louisville next Tuesday morning to be in attendance at the Kentucky Grand Lodge, which convenes on that date for a three days session.

**Men Wanted**—To work in steel foundry. Good chance to learn various trades. Good pay and advancement. Premiums paid for full week and overtime. Situated in good town. NATIONAL CAR COUPLER COMPANY, Attica, Indiana. 1115

Dr. H. B. Washburn will be at the Commercial Hotel, Beaver Dam, Ky., during the week commencing with Monday, October 15th, and on each third Monday and the week following, thereafter, to do all kinds of first class dental work at reasonable prices. 1514

**For Sale**—Fire Brick 3c each, and the following used material: Iron Pipe from 1 inch to 6 inch, Shafting, Bearings, Pulleys, Belting, Pipe Fittings, Saw Mill Carriage Receiving Springs and a lot of other saw mill fittings. JOHN T. JACKSON, 1211 Rockport, Ky.

Attorneys Heavrin and Martin will go to Hardinsburg Tuesday, where they will prosecute a \$15,000 damage suit against the Louisville & Nashville railroad for killing Mrs. Alar M. Morgan some time ago. Mrs. Morgan was a daughter of Mr. Evan Coppage, formerly of Narrows.

The Hartford post office has been made a central accounting and supply office for Ohio county. The other offices in the county will turn in their quarterly postal accounts to the Hartford office for correction, after verification which the accounting office will forward them to the Auditor for the post office department at Washington. The Hartford office

BEYOND COMPARE  
**MUNSING WEAR**



## Munsing Union Suits

give you the most for your money any way you figure it. If you seek the highest quality of fabric and finish you get it in Munsingwear. If you seek real economy—you get it in Munsingwear. And if you are looking for a perfect fit—and have never been able to get it before—try Munsingwear on our guarantee of satisfaction.

The prices are low—the range of styles and fabrics very wide.

**Carson & Co.**

(Incorporated.)

will also be a supply office from which all the other offices in the county will receive their supplies.

Mr. R. H. DeTreville, City Passenger and Ticket Agent of the L. & N. R. H., Evansville, Ind., was here yesterday, making investigation of the passenger service of the local L. & N. He went from here to Centertown.

We have on a desk in this office a sweet potato vine upon which are growing a number of perfectly developed flowers. The flowering of the sweet potato vine, we are advised by those who have seen this specimen, is a rare occurrence. The vine was presented to us by County Surveyor C. S. Moxley, of Fordsville, and was taken from his garden.

**For Sale**—215 acres superior Green river bottom land, some hill, will divide to suit purchaser, 1½ miles from Rockport, 1 mile from Echols, excellent corn and hay land, adjoining acres producing this year from 50 to 60 bushels corn per acre. Price \$20.00 per acre, one-third cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years.  
JOHN T. JACKSON,  
Rockport, Ky. 1211

Rev. A. D. Litchfield arrived, with his family, in Hartford Wednesday, and will at once enter upon his pastorate of the Hartford circuit of the M. E. Church South. Rev. Litchfield comes here from Glasgow, where, we understand he was very popular. Brother Litchfield's parishers had thoughtfully filled the parsonage larder before his arrival, and a committee selected for the occasion met him with a gracious welcome.

The county exemption board has not yet received official notice of the date of mobilizing the last call of the forty-five men required to fill the county's quota of 157. Since only about a dozen men are now on the qualified list additional certifications will have to be made before the quota is filled. There are about a half dozen colored men on the list, but the board has not, so far, received any orders in the matter of sending colored troops.

Roy E. Lahn and Myrtle Askins, a young couple of Narrows, came to Hartford Wednesday and, after procuring a marriage license at the county clerk's office, were married by County Judge John B. Wilson. Since the young couple are from the Editor's "old home town," as our good

friend Uncle Bill Schooler, of the Somerset News, would express it, we wish them a happy path of roses and a long, long path.

It is our purpose to publish in an early issue of this paper a church directory of Ohio county, and we will appreciate the favor if the pastors will furnish us with the names and location of their churches and the dates of services at each of them.

We understand the Fiscal Court has recently adopted a policy of buying a new roadbed where the old bed appears difficult to repair. We doubt the expediency of this policy. The same condition that renders the old bed impassible must in time operate with the same result upon the new one. In such a case rock is the remedy, and the extra expense of the stone, in the long run, an economy.

The farmers report that the frosts of the first of the week did more damage than was at first believed. Only a limited acreage of corn was materially frostbitten, but much of the crop would have matured in sounder condition with frost a couple of weeks later. Only a very little tobacco, and that in the western part of the county, was damaged. The damage to sugar cane will be more serious, especially, if warmer and rainy weather should follow.

A statement in an Owensboro paper that a great deal of Ohio county tobacco was damaged by the frosts of the first of the week is not correct. Owing to earlier rains the tobacco crop in Ohio county was at least two weeks earlier than the crop in Daviess, and was practically all in the barns when the frost came. Ohio county has the best and soundest crop of tobacco it has grown in recent years, and is an inviting field for the buyers this year.

**Seed Wheat For Sale.**  
100 bushels of Carrell's Prolific Wheat, threshed before the rains, tests 61 pounds at threshing, for sale at \$2.75 per bushel. Yielded 24 bushels per acre. Apply to  
WATT TAYLOR,  
R. 1, Centertown, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
After October 1, 1917, I will be in the office of Dr. A. B. Riley from 1:00 p. m. to 4:00 p. m., and in my office over Williams Drug Store from 9:00 a. m. to 12:00 noon.  
1411 DR. E. B. FENDELTON.

### Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12

**L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.**  
No. 113 due at Ellmitch 8:32 p. m.  
No. 110 due at Ellmitch 7:30 a. m.  
No. 112 Lv. Ellmitch .. 3:40 p. m.  
Ar. Irvington .. 5:35 p. m.  
Lv. Irvington .. 5:56 p. m.  
Ar. Louisville .. 7:40 p. m.  
No. 111 Lv. Louisville .. 8:35 a. m.  
Ar. Irvington .. 10:06 a. m.  
Lv. Irvington .. 10:40 a. m.  
Ar. Ellmitch .. 1:04 p. m.

**M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.**  
South Bound, No. 115—  
Due at Hartford .. 8:45 a. m.  
North Bound, No. 114—  
Due at Hartford .. 5:55 p. m.  
(Both "Mixed Trains.")

### Personal News and Social Events.

See Eck Hial for Kindling Wood.

See Hartford Mill Co., for Lime, Plaster and Cement.

Buy you a barrel of good Flour for \$11.50 at Acton Bros. 1512

You can get your Wire to bale your hay from Acton Bros. 1512

Mrs. C. F. Schampire, of this place, is on the sick list.

**ELITE FLOUR**—As good as is made—none better.  
1514 W. E. ELIAS & BRO.

The candidates are all out beating the bushes, but are finding it hard to start anything.

I have a few White Wyandotte Hoosters for sale cheap.  
1412 H. E. MISCHKE.

Miss Martha Rhoads will leave Monday for Russellville, where she goes to enter Logan Female College.

Remember the place to get the best Furniture for the least money.  
1512 ACTON BROS.

Aunt Jane Paxton, wife of Sam Paxton, died of senility at her home



## Farm Department

If farmers who raise sheep would grade and pack the wool more carefully they would find the increased price would yield a good return for the extra labor.

If hogs are allowed too much range when pasturing on forage crops they will trample more than they eat.

Speed in finishing the animals for market is one of the most important factors in the baby-beef industry.

Prompt action is imperative in dealing with hog cholera; therefore, get expert advice at once if you have a sick hog.

The most economical way of shipping stock to market is in carload lots.

A bull with a good beef form and a marked tendency to early maturity is a prime requisite in producing baby beef.

Wool growers should co-operate in order to obtain the full market value of their product; enough pounds of each grade of wool can be marketed at a time.

### Sell Lambs on "Pluck-Out" Basis.

Where lambs are sold with the "pluck," or heart, liver, lungs, and windpipe, left in the carcass, the retailer pays an exorbitant price for the "pluck," according to the meat-market specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. The "pluck" weighs from 2 to 4 pounds, according to the size of the lamb. With choice lambs selling at \$25 a hundredweight, the dealer will pay 75 cents on a full carcass basis for a 3-pound "pluck," the meat on which brings approximately 25 cents. Moreover, when demand is slack, "plucks" spoil in the carcass and are a total loss as meat. Market specialists suggest that the retail trade would do well to follow the example of those dealers who pay a premium of 1 to 1½ cents per pound for lambs sold on a "pluck-out" basis.

Feed the boar in summer only enough grain to keep him in breeding condition.

Sheep raisers should get together and decide what breed of sheep is best suited to their locality and then stick to that breed.

### Fruit Butters.

As a final drive on fruit preserving the United States Department of Agriculture urges the making of homemade fruit butters. This is recommended not only to those who grow the fruit but to those in the city who may take advantage of large supplies and cheap prices. In a great many cases it will be possible for city people to get from outlying farms fruit which might otherwise be wasted.

Various fruit butters recommended are apple butter with elder, apple butter without elder, apple butter with grape juice, apple butter with lemon, pear butter, peach butter, plum butter, and Garfield butter made with plums and peaches. With the exception of a good preserving kettle very little equipment is needed for the preparation of such butters.

### Apple Butter.

There is no better way to use good apples, says the department, than to make them into butter. The sound portions of windfalls, wormy, and bruised apples may also be used. The better the apple the better the butter will be. In apple butter with elder either fresh sweet elder or commercial steamed elder should be used, after being boiled down to about half its original quantity. The peeled and sliced apples may be cooked in the boiled elder, or they may be first made into apple sauce, which is then cooked in elder. It usually takes about equal quantities of sweet elder and sliced apples to make butter of the right consistency. In other words, 2 gallons of sweet elder should be boiled down to 1 gallon and 2 gallons added to a either uncooked or as apple sauce. The two essentials of good apple butter are long, slow cooking from four to six hours and frequent stirring. If sugar is used, it should be added after the cooking is about two-thirds done.

About 1 pound of sugar is the usual proportion for each gallon of apple butter, but more or less may be used to suit the taste. The butter may be packed in glass jars, covered, and all-sterile, or with any one of the three, the jars being sterilized in water when the cooking is finished. While still hot the butter should be packed in sterilized glass receptacles, or in stone jars, with thorough precautions against spoiling as with any other preserves.

### Without Elder.

Good apple butter may be made without elder. In this case enough water is added to make a thin ap-

ple sauce. Brown sugar rather than white sugar is ordinarily used. If a grape flavor is desired, it may be obtained by the use of grape juice in the proportion of 1 pound to each gallon of the peeled and sliced apple. There should also be added a cup of brown sugar and one-fourth teaspoonful salt. When the desired thickness is obtained, a teaspoonful of cinnamon is stirred in.

Pear butter is made like apple butter without the elder.

In making peach butter it is desirable to put the peaches into a wire basket and dip them in boiling water for a few seconds until the skin slips; then dip the peaches into cold water, peel them, and pit them. Well-ripened free-stone peaches are best. They should be mashed and cooked in their own juice without adding water, and if butter of a fine texture is wanted the pulp should be put through a colander or coarse wire sieve. To each measure of pulp add a half measure of sugar. Pear butter can be made also from dried or canned peaches. Lemon juice in the proportion of 1 lemon to 15 pounds of peaches may be added to give tartness.

### In The South.

The following suggestions are from the Office of Extension Work in the South United States Department of Agriculture:

#### Wheat and Rye.

The campaign for increased acreage of wheat and rye in the Southern States is moving along well. The increased acreage asked for by the Federal Department of Agriculture and promised by the States is substantially assured in every State. The month of October will practically finish this line of work. Entomologists from the department are assisting the States in fixing the time of planting to avoid damage from the Hessian fly.

#### Planting Seed.

Every farmer in the South should look after his planting seed during the month of October. Corn, soy beans, velvet beans, peas, and peanuts should be selected and carefully stored. Seed may be scarce next spring and a little extra effort this fall will prevent a great deal of worry and expense in the spring.

#### Hay and Silos.

October is a good month to lay up stock feed for winter use. Fill the silos, cut sorghum and peavine hay, cut the tops of corn for hay and seed. This is the month to harvest peanuts, soy beans, and velvet beans for seed and for sale on the market. When these are harvested the hogs may be turned in to gather what is left in the field.

#### Potatoes.

This is the month to dig and store the fall sweet-potato crop. The community storage house or farm storage house suggested last month should be ready. Safe storage is an important item of food conservation.

#### Sirup.

Let the fall Irish potatoes come to full maturity. Consult the county agent regarding storage in pits and cellars for winter use. It is very important that Southern farmers who have late sorghum or sugar cane should utilize it to the fullest possible extent in making sirup for family use and for sale. The month of October is the time to act. Every possible preparation to make the sirup on the farm or to haul the cane to a near-by mill for the manufacture of sirup should be made.

#### Prepare for Winter.

October is a good month to repair the buildings and get them in good shape for winter use. This is especially true of sheds, barns, feed lots, and other buildings used by live stock.

The farm equipment of machinery, tools, etc., also should be looked after. Proper protection from the weather, a little paint to prevent the rotting of wood and some heavy grease or paint to prevent the rusting of iron and steel parts will make the tools last longer.

#### Live Stock.

Utilize the fall pasture and fields where crops have been harvested, to the fullest possible extent and save the waste products of the farm. Use the pastures and fields and all feed stored roughage and save the grain and hay which you have stored in the barn for use at times when the fields and pastures can no longer be utilized.

Look over your live stock carefully and select those animals which are productive and which ought to be kept, and sell those which are unproductive. Prepare the cull animals for early market and save the room and feed for good stock.

#### Do Not Sell Work Stock.

Horses and mules are now in great demand and will be during the war. They are necessary to the conduct of the war, but they are also necessary for operating farms and the food ob-

taind from the farms is necessary for the conduct of the war. Because of the demand and the disturbed transportation facilities farmers are urged not to sell the work stock in the fall expecting to buy back new stock in the spring. It is customary in many sections of the South for farmers, both owner farmers and tenants, to sell their mules in the fall and buy new ones in the spring to save feeding. The incentive to follow the usual custom is greater this year than ever before on account of the high price of feed, but the risk of being unable to obtain mules and horses in the spring to work the farms is much greater at this time than in any other year. The only safe plan is to hold the necessary work stock for another year. As hand labor on the farms becomes scarcer, good horses, mules, and modern labor-saving machinery becomes much more necessary.

#### County Agents.

There are about 1,000 county agents in the South and more are being appointed as rapidly as trained men can be found. If farmers have problems in storage, marketing, harvesting, selection of seed, care of live stock, or any other farm problems, they should consult the county agent. Make diligent inquiry and find out about this organization and its ability to help you during the war.

### SCRAP METAL ON FARM CONVERTIBLE INTO CASH

The shortage in the supply of the iron and steel, which this country must have in increasing amounts if the war is to be won, has developed a new source of income for the farmer, and not merely a few farmers but most farmers.

The United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior, calls the attention of farmers to the fact that even at the recently fixed prices of iron and steel it should be possible for most farmers to reap an overlooked profit through the sale of the old iron and steel scattered about their premises; that the saving of such old scrap metal will help to meet the present serious deficiency in the supply of iron and steel; that the use of the old metal will accomplish savings in coke which is now to be had only at unprecedented prices; that the delivery of the old iron and steel at foundries far from iron mines and big steel centers will correspondingly relieve the excessive strain on the mines, some of the furnaces, and the railway and boat traffic in the coke and iron producing districts. The farmer who turns in his junk while the present prices prevail is likely not only to make a clear profit over the cost of hauling and freight, but, through increasing the iron and steel supply, he is contributing to the successful prosecution of the war.

Iron and steel are needed and must be had for innumerable things—for guns, shells, ships, bridges, buildings, docks, automobiles, airplanes, rails, cars, engines, pipe, oil-well casings, etc., and for export to the Allies, Italy in particular, being badly in need of steel for all purposes. This is the main fact.

In the northeastern States scrap metals have long been more or less fully taken care of, mainly by the ubiquitous junk man, and along most railroads and about most industrial plants they are now salvaged systematically. However, in the greater part of the United States little attention is given to saving the old metal scattered about the industrial plants of the farmers, where abandoned binders, plows, mowers, rakes, etc., decorate the fence corners and roadsides, and discarded stoves, pumps, pipe, and small utensils rust about the barns and sheds. A considerable part of this junk is already on wheels with tongue and whiffletree attached, ready in fact to be "walked on its own legs" to the freight station.

According to the census returns there were in 1910 about 1,255,000,000 dollars worth of agricultural machinery alone on the 6,361,502 American farms. Farm implements, not including stoves, chains, tools, etc., valued at about \$165,000,000, are sold annually. A considerable part of the cost of manufacturing this farm machinery lies in the metals used, and the metals include not only iron and steel of various grades and values but occasional small parts of brass or copper. Most binders and mowers have one or more bearings lined with babbitt metal containing lead now worth about 60 cents and lead worth 10 cents per pound. On the whole, excluding the metals used in railroad construction and transportation, or in city engineering and building, by far the greater part of all the iron and steel produced in this country in normal years is shipped out to the farm. It has been roughly estimated that three-fourths of this metal stays on the farm. As to this question, the farmer can judge for himself. How much of this is lying around on your premises, Mr. Farmer? If you have any and you probably have plenty—it is a good

time to consider its disposal while the war lasts and the prices are high. Besides, your country needs the metal.

Many farmers will take advantage of the opportunity to recover a profitable revenue from this overlooked and waste product; others, according to distance from the markets, may sell at little or no profit, except the satisfying sense of patriotic duty performed. Still others more from the consuming foundries and furnaces can not afford a high cost of delivery which may far exceed the price received for the junk. Information should be secured in advance on this question. The Geological Survey suggests that farmers take up the question through the Grange, the Alliance, the farmers' institutes, and other similar organizations, with a view to ascertaining the location of the best market, probably the nearest foundry or junk dealer; the cost of transportation; the best prices obtainable for the different classes of junk or implements, and the quantities of junk that can be used at the foundry or handled by the dealer. The same agencies might well arrange for cooperative local action on the part of the farmers in the different communities, fixing dates when cars would be in readiness for loading the old metals, informing the farmers as to possible grading of their junk and attending to railway transportation, delivery, and possibly settlements at the points of consumption.

Cooperation should bring the best results. Care should be taken not to overwhelm the furnace or consumer by all shipping at once, so that too great quantities are delivered within a short period, for it is important to bear in mind that many foundries may not have the junk capacity or the extra labor needed to sort and break up great quantities of scrap when it is delivered. Somewhat definite arrangements should be made in advance of shipments, and these can be accomplished by some such agency as those suggested above.

The coming autumn, winter, and early spring should be the best time for gathering up the scrap metals, getting in touch with the markets, and arranging community shipments. The farmer should learn whether he is too far from markets and should ascertain the scope and extent of the market demands. There is plenty of time within which to gather and ship his scrap, but his cooperative information system should be organized now. The farmers have many hundreds of thousands of tons on hand; the prices are unprecedentedly high; the country needs the metals. From the economic standpoint, it is a question of profitable thrift, of relieving in part the shortage in the metals, of conserving the iron-ore and coal in the ground, and of service to country.

#### One Reason They Do It.

Mr. Profit—Your clothes are costing me an enormous amount lately, Mary.

Mrs. Profit—Well, raise the price of something, George—that'll soon cover it.

oooooooooooooooooooooooooooo

#### COURT DIRECTORY.

oooooooooooooooooooooooooooo

#### CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro. Com'th. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford.

Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford. Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford.

Trustee Jury Fund—Cal P. Keown, Hartford.

1st Monday in March—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil.

1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

2d Monday in September—12 days—Civil.

4th Monday in November—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

#### COUNTY COURT.

Meets first Monday in each month. Judge—John B. Wilson.

County Atty.—A. D. Kirk. Clerk—W. C. Blankenship.

Sheriff—S. O. Keown. Superintendent—Ozma Shultz.

Jailer—W. P. Midkiff. Assessor—C. F. Hines.

Surveyor—C. S. Moxley. Coroner—Dr. A. B. Riley.

#### FISCAL COURT.

Meets Tuesday after first Monday in January, April and October.

1st Magisterial District—Ed Shown, Hartford, Route 7.

2d Magisterial District—Winson Smith, Selet.

3d Magisterial District—W. S. Dean, Dundee.

4th Magisterial District—S. W. Leach, Beaver Dam, Route 3.

5th Magisterial District—S. L. Fullerton, Rockport.

6th Magisterial District—R. C. Tietzen, Centertown.

7th Magisterial District—B. F. Rice, Fordville.

8th Magisterial District—Ben. W. Taylor, Hartford, Route 7.

**HOTEL POWHATAN WASHINGTON D.C.**

**HOTEL OF AMERICAN IDEALS**

In a city where good hotels abound, the Powhatan heads the list. It is first in the hearts of its countrymen.

The Powhatan is refined, exclusive, and restful. Its excellent location on Pennsylvania Avenue, 18th and 19th Streets, makes it a desirable headquarters for business, pleasure, tourists, conventions, schools and colleges.

The Powhatan offers rooms with detached bath at \$1.50, \$2.00 and up. Rooms with private bath, \$2.50, \$3.00 and up. Write for booklet with map.

CLIFFORD M. LEWIS.

**THE SEWING MACHINE OF QUALITY.**

**NEW HOME**

NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME.

**WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.**

If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset at the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.

Quality Considered it is the Cheapest in the end to buy.

If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

**MEMORIALS IN**

**HUMS**

**GEORGIA MARBLE**

**GUARANTEED SERVICE**

One hundred per cent value. Special work for W. O. W.

**W. F. STEVENS,**  
R. F. D. 7, Hartford, Ky.  
Representing Continental Marble & Granite Co.

**Get on the Firing Line**

**Popular Science Monthly**

The most interesting and useful magazine, and the best money's worth. Every month 300 Pictures—300 Articles

All for only 15 cents. All the new ideas and inventions in electricity and wireless, in automobiles and aeroplanes, in shipwork and in farming, and in industry.

How to make things at home. 20 pages every month, including refrigerators, poultry houses, furniture, automobile shop repairs, etc.

It is full of money-making, step-by-step ideas. It is written in plain English for men and boys.

15 Cents a Copy—\$1.50 a Year

Get it from a newsdealer or write direct to Popular Science Monthly, 200 Fourth Ave., N.Y.

**FREE** You get a copy free if you send in stamp for postage and machine this paper.

Call on The Republican for Fine Job Printing.

**Professional**

**Otto C. Martin**  
Attorney at Law  
HARTFORD, KY.

Will practice his profession in this and adjoining counties. Commercial and Criminal Practice a Specialty.

**O.E. TAYLOR, C.E.**

Beaver Dam, Ky.

Highway and Drainage Design.

**DR. O. E. HART**

VETERINARY SURGEON  
BEAVER DAM, KY.

Office James Taylor's Livery Barn.

**FAILURES**

and TRADE-MARKS promptly obtained in all countries of the world. No patent. THAT PAY. Advertisements for your business, and help you to succeed.

Send in your application for FREE report on patentability. 10 years' practice. 80% PASSING REFERENCE. For free catalogue book on "Patents" write to:

603-505 Seventh Street, WASHINGTON, D.C.

**DISWARTING**

**WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY**

A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION

**FOR ONE MONTH**

A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. It does not help you if it costs you nothing.

**OHIO MEDICAL CO.** LOCK BOX 916 COLUMBUS, O.

**BE PREPARED**

**READ**

**POPULAR MECHANICS MAGAZINE**

300 ARTICLES—300 ILLUSTRATIONS

KEEP informed of the World's Progress in Engineering, Mechanics and Invention. For Father and Son and All the Family. It speaks to all classes—Old and Young—Men and Women.

It is the favorite magazine of thousands of men and women in the United States. It is the best source of information for the mechanic, engineer, inventor and the home.

Written So You Can Understand It

The Shop Notes Department (20 pages) contains Practical Hints for doing Work and new ways for the layman to do things around the home.

Amateur Mechanics (17 pages) for the Boy and Girl who like to make things, tell how to make Wireless and Telegraphy, Engines, Boats, Snow Shovels, Jewelry, Radio Apparatus, etc. Contains full instructions for the Mechanic, Carpenter and Electrician.

\$1.50 PER YEAR SINGLE COPIES, 15c

Order from your newsdealer or write to the publisher. Sample copy will be sent on request.

**POPULAR MECHANICS MAGAZINE**  
610 Michigan Avenue, CHICAGO

**KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS**

**WITH Dr. King's New Discovery**

**FOR COUGHS**

AND ALL BRONCHITIS AND LUNG AFFECTIONS. GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUND.

**PATENTS**

PROCESSED AND PREPARED. Patents for Invention and Discovery. No patent. THAT PAY. Advertisements for your business, and help you to succeed.

Send in your application for FREE report on patentability. 10 years' practice. 80% PASSING REFERENCE. For free catalogue book on "Patents" write to:

603-505 Seventh Street, WASHINGTON, D.C.

**SNOW**

**GOOD POSITION**

Secured or Your Money Back

If you take the Dragon's Head, the leading business magazine, you can get a good position. The Dragon's Head is the leading business magazine. It is the best source of information for the business man. It is the best source of information for the business man.

Dragon's Head, 1000 Broadway, New York.



## Wagons! Wagons! Wagons!

Before you buy you should examine our hand made farm wagons. They run lighter, are made of the very best material and last far longer than any machine made wagon you can buy no matter what price you pay.

We also do all kinds of Blacksmithing and Repairing, especially, the hard jobs the other fellow can't do.

We also make a specialty of Horseshoeing and earnestly solicit your patronage in this line.

Respectfully yours,

**A. B. Row & Son**  
Centertown, Ky.

Thirty-five years experience in the shop.

### HERE IS A GOOD PLACE TO STOP FOR LITTLE MONEY

Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky., Main St., bet. 6th & 7th

The Only Hotel in Louisville Operated on the American and European Plans.

#### AMERICAN PLAN (With Meals)—

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.

75 Rooms, single, \$2.00 per day; 2 people, \$2.00 each  
50 Rooms, single, 2.50 per day; 2 people, 2.25 each  
50 Front Rooms, single, 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.50 each  
Rooms with Private Bath:  
50 Rooms, single, 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.75 each  
50 Rooms, single, 3.50 per day; 2 people, 3.00 each

#### EUROPEAN PLAN (Without Meals)—

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.

75 Rooms, single, \$1.00 per day; 2 people, \$0.75 each  
50 Rooms, single, 1.25 per day; 2 people, 1.00 each  
50 Front Rooms, single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each  
Rooms with Private Bath:  
50 Rooms, single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each  
50 Rooms, single, 2.00 per day; 2 people, 1.50 each

**THE OLD INN, Louisville, Ky., Cor. Sixth and Main Sts.**  
European Plan Only.

Rooms Without Bath, \$1.00 and up; Rooms With Private Bath, \$1.50 and up—Best Eating Place in Town.

The Louisville Hotel and the Old Inn are located in the wholesale district and only a 3-block's walk to the retail district and theaters.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL AND OLD INN COMPANY, Props.

## Vanderbilt Training School for Boys ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

**MATHENEY & BATTS**

For catalogue and information. Box A.

**No Combination of Reading Like It and All For \$2.10**

**The Youth's Companion**  
52 ISSUES  
The favorite family weekly of America. 12 Great Serials of Groups in 1917, and 250 Short Stories, a Thousand Articles and Suggestions, a thousand Funnies, Special Pages for all ages.

**McCall's Magazine**  
12 ISSUES AND A DRESS PATTERN  
The Fashion Authority! Answers by mail to all questions. You will get the 12 monthly issues of McCall's, making out money a department, but a fashion magazine every month, as well.

**64 Issues and 15c McCall Dress Pattern for \$2.10**

Send \$2.10 (Express or P. O. Money Order to the publishers of the paper in which this ad appears and get

- 1 THE YOUTH'S COMPANION for 52 weeks, and the 1917 Home Calendar. (This Gift is to new Youth's Companion subscribers only.)
- 2 McCALL'S MAGAZINE every month for one year; also choice of any 15-cent McCall Dress Pattern FREE for 2 cents extra to cover mailing.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, St. Paul St., BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS



SOLDIERS IN THE VERDUN SECTOR REPAIRING A RUINED CANAL.

## FRENCH INDUSTRY IS RECOVERING

Natural Thrift and Economy Promise Rapid Progress

### EXPORT BUSINESS GROWING

Our Great Ally Possesses Recuperative Powers Which Justify Belief That She Will Meet and Solve Triumphantly the Problems Which Confront Her After the War.

With Paris boulevards echoing with "vives" for American troops our interest in the welfare of our ally vastly increases, and the facts are not lacking to encourage the belief that she is already on the road to recovery from the blow of invasion by a ruthless enemy.

One of the most important developments is the announcement that one of the largest banking institutions in America concerned with foreign trade, the Guaranty Trust company of New York, has opened a Paris branch to handle the rapidly increasing volume of French business.

This action may surprise many persons who had thought of France as bowed under a cautious invasion. The bank, however, gives figures indicating that France is not only meeting her military and civilian problems with a stout heart and never failing courage, but is re-establishing her export business with this country.

In 1914, the year of the outbreak of the war, imports from France to this country totaled \$141,448,252. This total was reduced to \$77,158,740 in 1915, but last year the value of French imports to the United States rose to \$102,077,000.

"A nation that can achieve such a commercial recovery while her territory is being ravished by the invader," says the Trust company's statement, "possesses recuperative powers which justify the belief that she will emerge from the present conflict prepared to meet and solve triumphantly the problems which confront her."

The commercial and industrial record of France, following past wars, indicates that she should recover quickly from the actual physical destruction inflicted in the present conflict. The reconstruction of railroads, the erection of factories to replace those destroyed, and the replacement of the mechanism of industrial activity that will be required and that is in part already planned, offer a peculiarly inviting field to American capital and enterprise. Tentative steps have already been taken by representatives of American engineers and business men in this work.

Aside from its attractive business aspect, the enlistment of American money and effort in the great task of reconstruction that will remain at the end of the war will tend to cement still more closely the ties that bind the two great republics together, and will enable Americans to discharge in part the debt they owe to France for her friendly interest in the welfare and progress of the United States from the beginning of its life as a nation.

In judging the industrial status of any nation, its production and consumption of coal, iron, and steel and the growth of its transportation systems are highly significant factors.

In 1899, French industries consumed 21 million tons of coal, of which 13.5 millions were taken from home mines. In 1912, the consumption was 61 millions, of which 41 million tons were taken from home mines.

In 1899, the French output of cast iron was 1,380,000 tons, and of steel, 1,060,000 tons. In 1914, France produced 5,311,000 tons of cast iron and 4,635,000 tons of steel.



IN THEIR RETIREMENT FROM OCCUPIED TERRITORY THE GERMAN ARMY DESTROYED MILLIONS OF DOLLARS OF AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY.

The increasing activity of her railway system is similarly demonstrable. In 1899, there were in France 10,743 miles of railway track; in 1912, there were 31,546 miles.

Between 1899 and 1912, inland navigation increased 150 per cent; while the tonnage of her mercantile marine has amazingly expanded. The tonnage entering French ports in 1899 is set down as 11,000,000 tons. In 1912 this had been increased to 53,000,000 tons.

Leaders in American finance ascribe this solidarity of the French republic to three influences; first, a thoroughly sound banking system, centralized in one of the greatest banking institutions of the world, the Bank of France; second, the ingrained thrift and frugality of the French people as a whole, together with a national economic vigor not elsewhere surpassed; third, wise supervision, and patriotic co-operation by the government with banking and business interests.

The government does its part to warrant and retain the confidence of the holders of its securities. One of its wise policies is to impose new taxes to defray the interest charges on new security issues. It began this practice after the Franco-Prussian war, and is today following the same rule in regard to securities issued to finance the present conflict. This continuity of purpose, dogmatic, will prove reassuring to all holders of French government securities.

The Franco-Prussian war of 1870-1871 taught the French people the meaning of thrift and economy. So well did they learn this lesson, that the whole sum of the indemnity demanded by Germany, \$1,000,000,000, was raised within the republic's confines by its own inhabitants and paid off more than one year before the time stipulated by the Germans.

The habit thus acquired has never been forgotten by the French, and today the aggregate number of investors purchasing the French war loans has reached the amazing total of 4,500,000 individual subscribers. Perhaps no other country, in proportion to its population, can make so good a showing.

France is particularly fortunate in that her small investors prefer "safe" investments rather than offerings which promise high returns. Government bonds, in France are perpetual, and this characteristic seems to obtain for these government bonds increasing favor in the eyes of the French people.

The points of sympathy between France and America are too many to enumerate, but the spirit of liberty and its resultant democracy are, today as always, the major ideals of both nations. Seeking no victories but those of peace, no territory except their own, no sovereignty except sovereignty over themselves—the independence and equal rights of the weakest member of the family of nations are to the people of the United States and of France entitled to as much respect as those of the mightiest empire. In defense of these principles, France is engaged in a death struggle with militant autocracy and ruthless aggression, and it is not surprising to learn that she has loaned to her allies and to other friendly states 7,000,000,000 francs with which to further the cause of democracy. It is in keeping with America's traditions that since the date on which we formally aligned ourselves with France and her allies in the great struggle, our government has lent to France \$170,000,000.

It is eminently fitting that America should now be fighting on French soil to make the world safe for democracy. The liberty that America has enjoyed for 140 years France helped her to achieve. The sword of Lafayette and Rochambeau, aided by the guns of De Grasse upon the high seas, assisted in cutting the foreign ties that bound the American colonies prior to the war for independence, and from the private purse of King Louis himself came the first loan to America—unsecured and unconditional—to finance that historic undertaking. It was with entire justice that Washington wrote to Rochambeau, "To the generous aid of your nation and to the bravery of its sons is to be ascribed in a very great degree that independence for which we have fought."



## 10 Great Serials

full of life and action, filled with the fire of fine inspiration and followed by 250 short stories of adventure, will make

## The YOUTH'S COMPANION

Better Than Ever in 1915

Then the Family Page, a rare Editorial Page, Boys' Page, Girls' Page, Doctor's Advice, and "a ton of fun," Articles of Travel, Science, Education. From the best minds to the best minds, the best the world can produce for you and everyone in the home. There is no age limit to enthusiasm for The Youth's Companion.

### Three Current Issues Free

If you do not know THE COMPANION let us send you Three Current Issues FREE. Enclose this Coupon with your request.

Those who subscribe now, sending \$2 for the 52 issues of THE COMPANION for 1915, will receive The Companion Home Calendar FREE.

52 Times a Year — not 12.

More good reading than you will get in any of the monthly magazines.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE  
THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN AND YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOTH ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$2.75.

## A MODERN SCHOOL

Fifty-five typewriters. Lessons explained by Moviat Picture machine. Seven big Departments—Shorthand, Book-keeping, Telegraphy, Stenotypy, Music, Primary Normal. Expert teachers. Modern equipment. Position assured. Write for catalogue.

**Daviess Co. Bus. College**  
Incorporated  
OWENSBORO, KY.

### Petro-Menta Relives Piles

No matter how stubborn the case may be Petro-Menta will bring relief. A trial will convince you. For sale by Ohio County Drug Co. Price 25c.

Used 40 Years

## CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

## DR. J. H. THORPE

EYE, EAR, THROAT, NOSE  
And Fitting of Glasses

Masonic Temple  
OWENSBORO, KY.

### Still Unbeaten.

The sergeant-major had the reputation of never being at a loss for an answer. A young officer made a bet with a brother officer that he would, in less than twenty-four hours ask the sergeant-major a question that would baffle him.

The sergeant-major accompanied the young officer on his rounds, in the course of which the cook-house was inspected. Pointing to a large copper of water just commencing to boil, the officer said:

"Why does that water only boil around the edges of the copper and not in the center?"

"The water round the edge, sir," replied the veteran, "is for the men on guard; they have their breakfast half an hour before the remainder of the company."—THE BITS.

### He Won.

"What would you do if I turned you down?" she asked shyly, as they sat on the parlor sofa.

The young man looked straight ahead but said nothing. After a few moments of silence she nudged him with her elbow and said: "Did you hear my question?"

He looked at her apprehensively. "I beg your pardon," he replied. "I thought you were addressing the gas."—St. Louis Republic.

We Knock the Spots Out of Things

## Ladies' and Men's Garments

French Dry Cleaned and Pressed in a Superior Manner.

Send us your Garments and Have Them

### CLEANED CLEAN

Packages called for and delivered.

## THE ELITE PRESSING CLUB

A. Iva Hall, Prop.

HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

## USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by

J. H. WILLIAMS, - Hartford Ky.



**McCALL PATTERNS**  
Celebrated for style, perfect fit, simplicity and reliability nearly 40 years. Sold in nearly every city and town in the United States and Canada, or by mail direct. More sold than any other make. Send for free catalogue.

**McCALL'S MAGAZINE**  
More subscribers than any other fashion magazine—nearly a million. Invaluable. Latest styles, patterns, dress-making, millinery, plain sewing, fancy needlework, hairdressing, etiquette, good stories, etc. Only 10 cents a year (worth double), including a free pattern. Subscribe today, or send for sample copy.

**WONDERFUL INCITEMENTS**  
to Agents. Postal brings premium catalogue and new cash prize offers. Address  
McCALL CO., 235 to 248 W. 37th St., NEW YORK

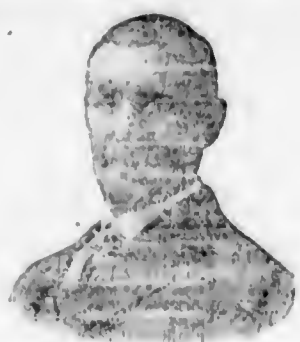
## Electric Bitters

Succored when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy. As thousands have testified, FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE it is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

## Every Woman Wants Partine

**ANTISEPTIC POWDER**  
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE  
Dissolved in water for douches, stoppage of catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Also used for cleaning and germicidal power. Sample free. 50c. All druggists, or (by mail) by The Partine Co., Boston, Mass.





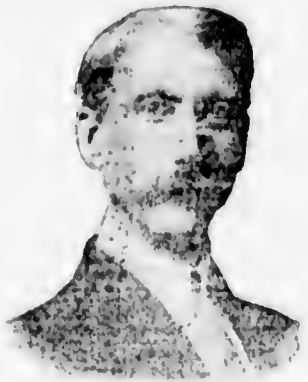
**MAC K COOK,**  
Republican nominee for County Judge.



**S. A. BRATCHER,**  
Republican nominee for Sheriff.



**J. L. EMBURY,**  
Republican nominee for Representative.



**D. E. WARD,**  
Republican nominee for Assessor.



**A. D. KIRK,**  
Republican nominee for County Attorney.



**K. S. HOWARD,**  
Republican nominee for County Superintendent.



**W. C. BLANKENSHIP,**  
Republican nominee for County Clerk.



**WORTH TICHENOR,**  
Republican nominee for Jailor.

## STRAY STREAKS.

(By Finkle McPhike.)

A. H. H. Hartford's peanut and popcorn king, really has a pail of lard in his roster. Whether he, in fact, uses it or not, I am able to say, not.

Under the high cost of living, we are now paying more for our bath water, than no additional charge is made for freekettle and hardin, County hillside clay furnished with the wash staff. "Not an ad."

And the same old H. C. of L. has likewise sent slaves up just 50 per cent, which is likely to bring sales down. "Neither is this an ad."

We came down to the office on that cold frosty morning this week just in time to see Thomas sneaking in thru the back door with an empty coal bucket on his arm. John was mauling and muttering something about the coldness of the people in our neighborhood, said every fellow peered to think the town was full of it, as he had gone to five or six different coal houses and found every damned one of them locked and he didn't like the surroundings here, no how.

Now, that the hog and his product is to be regulated by Hoover and company, he will likely change his habits of soaring up and around the 20 per mark. Yes, we look for Mr. Hog to sell raw at about 19.29.

By-the-way, I came near eating some plain, ordinary hog's ham the other day at 50 cents per pound. I paid it, but was comforted by buying a little bit of food at 15c. While we don't eat food as well as we used, I don't eat food as often, and while the meat is not as good as it used to be, I don't eat it as often as it used to be. I don't eat it as often as it used to be. I don't eat it as often as it used to be.

Mr. E. H. H. Hartford, a representative of the H. C. of L. Co., of Hartford, Conn., left Hartfordville, day before yesterday, just after noon, arriving here about 7 or 8 o'clock that night. Mr. Hartford came here to have to the complaint of the citizens with reference to the present passenger service over the M. H. & E. He drove thru to Centertown from here to see the citizens of that place from whence it is presumed he drove on to Middletown, where he could catch a train for Owensboro.

## HORSE BRANCH.

Oct. 5.—Mr. Arthur Morrison attended the Daviess County Fair Saturday.

Mrs. Boyd, who has been on the sick list, is better.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Ferguson, of Central City, visited Mr. W. T. Saunders last week.

Mr. J. A. Morrison is visiting relatives at Paducah, Ky.

Bro. Koshlitz, a brother of Mrs. Will Cole, preached two good sermons here Sunday at the Union church.

The box supper given at the school house last Saturday night for the

benefit of the Union church, was largely attended, and a neat net sum of \$25 was realized.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Crawford spent last Friday in Owensboro.

Mrs. W. O. Held spent Thursday in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Gen. Arnold have returned from a several days stay in Louisville, the guests of friends.

Mrs. Vernon Crowder contributed the book "Ben Hur" with others to the new library just organizing at the Union church.

Bros. Green and Walter have been away for some time holding protracted meetings at Hopkinsville and other points.

Mr. C. D. Bean, of Dundee, who has been visiting his daughters at Louisville and Nashville, Tenn., is at Horse Branch with relatives, enroute home. He stopped at Chattanooga, and saw Lookout Mountain, Ft. Oglethorpe, Missionary Ridge and other points where he fought 54 years ago.

Bro. Ward Taylor, of Rosine, has been called to preach here in the Union church owned by Baptists and Methodists.

## SUNNYDALE.

Oct. 10.—We had a lifting frost here Tuesday morning. Several people lost their corn and late corn.

Mr. V. R. Ferguson's long expected Ford arrived Sunday.

The community pleasantly surprised Mr. Tom Tucker with a birthday dinner Sunday.

A one-eyed boy was found to be the wife of Johnie Whaley recently. Wife and baby are getting along nicely, and we hope that Johnie will soon revive.

Prof. and Mrs. J. W. Kirk spent the week end with Mrs. Kirk's mother, O. P. Wells, of Narrows.

## FALLO.

Oct. 10.—Mrs. Olin Baker, Myrtle Dodge, Vera Dyer and Mrs. Terlin Baker attended the funeral service for Mrs. Mabel Travis, held at Dundee last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Whobrey visited Mr. and Mrs. John Windley last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Duke visited Mr. J. D. Duke and family, of Hartford, last Sunday.

Messrs. Marvin and Terlin Baker spent the week end with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Baker, of Patesville.

Mr. E. F. Galtbert has returned home from Lexington, where he had been visiting his son, Clarence, who was very ill of measles. Mr. Galtbert reports Clarence a great deal better.

Mrs. Joe Maden and family attended the family birthday dinner given Mr. Tom Tucker at Sunnydale last Sunday, it being Mr. Tucker's fiftieth birthday.

Mrs. Ernest Duke is on the sick list.

Mr. John Wimsatt, who has been real sick, is convalescing.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Baker, of Patesville are visiting the Baker Bros. this week.

Mrs. Elva Renfrow, who has been real sick, is slowly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Baker spent last Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Duke.

## PROVISION FOR REOPENING DRAFT CASES

"In case where the man has been called to report for military duty by a local board and sent to the mobilization camp either the local board or the military authorities at the mobilization camp may request of the adjutant general of the State permission for the local board to reopen the case for the purpose of determining whether or not the exemption or discharge should have been granted, or the adjutant general of the State may request the local board to reopen the case, for the same purpose. In case permission is granted or request is made by the adjutant general, the local board will reopen the case, pass upon its merits and certify it to the district board in the regular manner. The district board will also treat it in the regular manner. If it is determined that the exemption or discharge should not have been granted the district board will so notify the adjutant general of the State, who will, in a case where the request to reopen comes from the commanding officer of the mobilization camp, promptly notify such commanding officer that there is no ground for discharging the man from military service.

If it is determined that the discharge should have been granted, the local board will not deliver a copy of the discharge to the registrant but will send it to the adjutant general of the State who will forward it to the commanding officer at the mobilization camp with the request that the man be discharged from military service on the ground that he should have been discharged from the draft. Thereupon the commanding officer at the mobilization camp will discharge the man from military service."

The above quotation is from "Form 44, Compiled Bulletin of Provost Marshal General, No. 12, dated September 27, 1917."

## TAX DATES.

1, or one of my deputies, will be at the following precincts to collect Tax on dates below:

- Oct. 18—Fordsville.
- Oct. 19—Centertown.
- Oct. 17—Matanzas.
- Oct. 18—Equality.
- Oct. 19—Prestiss.
- Oct. 20—Beaver Dam.
- Oct. 20—Same Date—Simmons.
- Oct. 22—Crownwell.
- Oct. 23—Magun, with Ralph book also.

- Oct. 24—Deandfield and Select.
- Oct. 25—Herbert and Rosine.
- Oct. 26—Horse Branch.
- Oct. 27—Rockport.
- Oct. 29—Hedlin and Bells Run.
- Oct. 30—Burdett.
- Oct. 31—Dundee.

- Nov. 1—Wysox and Ceralro.
- Nov. 2—Narrows.

S. O. KEDOWN,  
Sheriff Ohio County.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

## ST. LOUIS LEADS IN PLANS FOR THE SALE OF LIBERTY BONDS

MCADOO ACCEPTS ST. LOUISAN'S IDEA OF SENDING 12,000,000 LETTERS TO FARMERS TO AID IN SALE OF BONDS.

Text Books on Liberty Loan Sent to Every Postmaster, School Teacher, Railroad Agent, Telegraph Agent in United States.

St. Louis, Mo.—St. Louis in the first Liberty Loan campaign originated many novel features as well as efficient methods of distributing the Liberty Bonds, and in publicity lines. Again in the second issue St. Louis is leading in original ideas. James E. Smith of the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce presented Hon. Wm. G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, a plan for reaching the farmers. Secretary McAdoo immediately wrote Mr. Smith, telling him that the plan had been accepted.

Smith's plan is to have a special letter sent to the farmers through courthouses postmasters of the country, and the rural free carriers. This will practically reach every farmer in the United States. A letter will be sent to 12,000,000 farmers explaining the Liberty bond, and appealing to them for their patriotic support. This letter will be supplemented by a special letter to a selected list of 1,000,000 farmers who are prosperous and have money for the purchase of Liberty Bonds.

In addition to the Smith plan the National Publicity Committee for the Liberty Loan has decided to send direct to each postmaster, railroad agent, telegraph office manager in the country a text book that they may inform themselves and be able to answer questions and explain the Liberty Loan. Text books are also being sent to every school teacher in the United States, especially in the rural districts.

The distribution of the second Liberty Loan bond—\$4,000,000,000—will open this morning at 10 o'clock. This is the time designated by Hon. William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury.

The Liberty Loan Organization of the Eighth Federal Reserve District has placed the sales of these bonds under the direction of the Investment Bankers' Committee, which has organized an official sales force of bond and insurance salesmen into teams with a captain for each. The bond and insurance salesmen offer their services without remuneration and the devoting their entire time during the month of October to the placing of this loan for the United States Government.

Arrangements for a large military parade Tuesday afternoon, October 2, commencing at 3:30 o'clock, Governor Frederick D. Gardner and Mayor Henry W. Kiel, and the officers of the Liberty Loan Organization have been invited to review the parade from the reviewing stand in front of the Star Building. The parade was composed of United States Army Infantry, two St. Louis regiments of Home Guards, Boy Scouts, associated bankers, and a large number of bond and insurance salesmen.

## "BABY BONDS" BIRTH GIFTS: THEY GROW AS BABY GROWS

Byron Moser, Jr., St. Louis' First Baby Bond Investor.

St. Louis, Mo.—One of the interesting attractive features of the first Liberty Loan bond issue was the novel idea of purchasing a bond for an infant son or daughter, that were applied "Baby Bonds."

Byron W. Moser, Jr., infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Byron W. Moser, 6185 Stevenson avenue, St. Louis, was the first baby Liberty bond investor and as baby to receive his bond. The bond was purchased for him when he was six months old. Baby Byron will clip his first coupon when he is 1 year old, December, 1917, and there will be 50 years he will clip, substantially 50 coupons.

Byron, Jr., could cover his bond gladly, his chubby hands clutching it as truly as a miser would grasp his gold. If his cooling was rightfully interpreted, he confided that he proposed to start a savings account with the first coupon which he would clip, December, 1917, and thereby add to his capital. His capital will be growing while he grows.

A Liberty bond is one of the most attractive birthday, Christmas, graduation or other gift that can be made. It is a sure investment and a gift that will always be sure of appreciation.

## THE CHALLENGE OF THE DOLLARS.

Quoting a Berlin dispatch which boasted of the success of a new German war loan, Secretary McAdoo in his Atlantic City speech said: "Let us meet that challenge by a subscription to our second Liberty Loan on Oct. 27, nine days after the close of the German loan, which will make clear to the German despotism that America marshals not alone her soldiers and her navy, but her financial resources as well, and that she is determined to use them all without stint to vindicate American rights."

## Your Nation's Call For Food Is a Direct Call to All Hog Raisers

There is a world's hog shortage of 32,425,000 head. The cattle supply of all nations is 28,580,000 below normal. There are millions of men in the Allied Europe that have been taken away from the farms and livestock production.

As a consequence we have a severe shortage of meat and an enormous demand throughout the world. Twenty-cent pork is a reality. Twenty-five cent pork is probable. It is the patriotic duty of every American farmer to raise hogs during the next few years. Nothing on the farm will prove more profitable. With the best hog feed sold at a nominal price and sold right at your door, you enjoy advantages but that few vicinities can claim; a feed that will make pork at less than eight cents per pound.

Tell us, Mr. Hog Raiser, doesn't the future look good to you?

Write us for prices on our feed and start feed r once.

**Glenmore Distilleries Company, Inc.**  
OWENSBORO, KY.

## GUARDING A NAVAL SECRET.

How England Cloaked the Building of a New Type of Cruiser.

In Europe extraordinary precautions were taken by the great powers to mask their military plans, and constant efforts are made to ferret out the military designs of opposing governments. Admiral William S. Sikes of the United States navy threw an interesting sidelight on this phase of preparedness when testifying before the house committee.

"To show the extreme importance of this matter of a new type," said Admiral Sikes, "when Great Britain first built these vessels (swift and powerful battle cruisers) extraordinary precautions were taken to prevent her possible enemies learning their characteristics. Great Britain had a number of unarmored cruisers, and Germany had a number of them. Great Britain knew that if she could build a number of these battle cruisers that had battle ship guns and twenty-eight knot speed—in other words, more speed than any other cruisers in the world and guns stronger than those of any other cruisers—she would thus be away ahead for a long time."

"She had down three of these vessels. In the estimates they were called armored cruisers, and everywhere in the world supposed that they were armored cruisers would come out, with ordinary guns, which are 12 inch, etc. They were going to mount on these vessels eight twelve-inch guns apiece, and they were going to give them a higher speed."

"You can cut the speed, of course, while the vessel is building, but it was wholly impossible to conceal the fact that they were building twenty-four twelve-inch guns that could not otherwise be accounted for. Great Britain did not want other nations to know that these were going to be carried by these three cruisers. So they induced Turkey to sign a contract for these guns, and a certain foreign attaché in London paid not less than £14,000, or \$75,000, to conceal the companies to get to look at their books and assume himself that the guns were being built for Turkey. Of course they pointed Turkey to find out what she wanted with twenty-four twelve-inch guns, but in the meanwhile the vessels were completed and the guns mounted before foreign nations knew that it radically new type of vessel was in existence."

"The British wanted to get that type out because in any conflict with another navy that did not have similar vessels the British would have a great advantage. Their scouting power was so great and their powers of destruction so great that anybody except a battleship was practically helpless before them."—Spokane Spokesman Review.

## Our Poor Record.

The average yield of potatoes in the United States is 113.4 bushels to the acre. In Germany it is 183 bushels. The average yield of wheat here is 15.5 bushels. In Germany it is 32. The yield of oats here is 37.1. In Germany it is 44. The yield of barley is 26.7. In Germany each acre produces thirty-six bushels.

But German fields did not always yield such bountiful crops. Thirty-five years ago Germany raised only 110 bushels of potatoes, nineteen bushels of wheat, twenty-five bushels of oats and twenty-three bushels of barley to the acre. The German soil is poor. The German climate is unfavorable to successful agriculture. Yet by a careful study of the subject of fertilization it has been possible to increase their productivity by 60 per cent.—Philadelphia Ledger.

## W. H. Acton Dead.

William Henry Acton, one of the best known and most prosperous farmers of the Rosine community, died of troubles incident to old age Tuesday.

Mr. Acton was born November 4, 1833, and lacked only a few days of being 84 years old at the time of his death. He joined the Methodist

church at an early age and had been a consistent and active member of it for 65 years. He was a Stewart for more than twenty-five years. He was for nearly half a century the church choir leader, in the old time Methodist hymns, two of which, "Nearer My God To Thee, and How Firm a Foundation, were at his request, sung at his funeral.

Mr. Acton leaves a wife and four sons, Schuyler, Culley, Ira and Robert, and two daughters, Rhea and Amanda, both of whom married Methodist ministers. All the children except Amanda were present at the funeral, the four boys acting as pall bearers.

After funeral services by Rev. Frank Adkinson, who married the deceased's daughter, assisted by Rev. Joseph Acton, the remains were interred in the Mt. Vernon burying ground.

## Notice.

Party taking by mistake Stetson hat at Mt. Carmel Slaking Convention Sept. 30 will please return to me for exchange.

W. P. HOAGLAND,  
Hartford, U. S.

## Lost McLaughlin Head.

Latt P. McLaughlin, a well known citizen of Madisonville, was found dead on a street that city Friday night. Latt was pretty well known in Western Kentucky as a vigorous Republican politician. He ran in the Republican primary two years ago against Ed. Morrow for governor and received a few thousand votes in Western Kentucky.

## Notice of Dissolution of The Hartford Tobacco Warehouse Co.

Notice is hereby given that the Hartford Tobacco Warehouse Company, Incorporated, is closing up its business.

This September 15th, 1917.

J. R. WELLEN, President,  
Attest: W. S. TINSLEY, Secretary and Treasurer. 1214

## Land For Sale.

30 2-5 acres in bottom, 1 mile from Hartford on Hartford and Gasheer road. As I have left the county will sell for what I paid for it, \$22.50 per acre. At the price of corn, one crop ought to pay for this land.

J. D. RAIFGH,

116 East Main St.,  
Louisville, Ky.

## Tongue-Twister.

Try this on your vocal organ. Say it over several times, and say it fast: "A rat ran over the roof with a lump of raw liver in its mouth."

## FORDSVILLE.

Oct. 11.—Work is progressing rapidly on the new buildings on Main street. Mr. Dudley Cooper contemplates having a new brick business house erected on the old bank site.

Rev. J. W. Boaghe, State Missionary, held a short series of meetings here including last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. John T. Smith went to Owensboro Tuesday.

Mr. Charlie Miller and wife went to Hartford Saturday.

Mr. Ed Quisenberry, of Hunter, Ark., is here to see his brother who still remains quite ill.

The Baptist Woman's Missionary Society met with Mrs. A. J. Wilson last Monday.

Mr. Charlie Butler, of Patesville, had his foot and leg painfully injured in a corn shredder, Tuesday.

Mr. Harvey Huberts has bought and moved into the residence formerly owned by Mr. Doc Miller.